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THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO. | ATLANTA, GEORGIA, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1872. | VOLUME V---NUMBER 87

Evening Edition.

Price Five Cents

National Democratic Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT:

HORACE GREELEY,

OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT:

B. GRATZ BROWN,

OF MISSOURI.

[ELECTION NOVEMBER 5]

State Democratic Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR:

JAMES M. SMITH,

OF MUSCOGEE.

[ELECTION OCTOBER 2]

FOR CONGRESS:

LUTHER J. GLENN,

OF FULTON COUNTY.

[ELECTION NOVEMBER 5]

Fulton Democratic Ticket.

FOR HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES:

CLARK HOWELL,
W. L. CALHOUN,
E. F. HOGE.

[ELECTION OCTOBER 2]

FOR ORDINARY:

DANIEL PITTMAN.

FOR SHERIFF:

A. M. PERKERSON.

FOR CLERK SUPERIOR COURT:

W. R. VENABLE.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER:

C. M. PAYNE.

FOR TAX RECEIVER:

A. G. GRIER.

FOR TAX COLLECTOR:

S. R. HOYLE.

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR:

B. F. WALKER.

FOR CORONER:

WILLIAM KILE.

[ELECTION JANUARY 1]

TUESDAY AFTERNOON SEPT. 24, 1872.

☞ See Interesting Reading on Fourth Page.

Georgia News.

Wm. Futch, of Brunswick, is dead.

Mr. Caleb Riding, of Athens, is dead.

Judge Iverson L. Harris has been very ill, but is better.

The Taylor county Democracy has nominated Bennett Stewart for the Legislature.

Gainesville is still improving, notwithstanding the cars run daily to Mount Airy, 25 miles beyond.

Mount Airy is about ten miles from Clarksville, to which passengers are taken by good line of stages.

The work of grading on the Griffin, Monticello and Madison Railroad is progressing finely at the Madison end—over six miles have been finished.

The Rome Commercial says a lady, not named, in the Chulio District, cut her throat. Grief at the loss of a child impelled her. Captain Allen, near Rome, has made $300 from his grapes this year.

The farmers in our section are busily engaged in harvesting their large cotton crops, and our streets are daily crowded with wagons. Nearly four hundred bales of new cotton have been received in this market this season.—*Clayton Times.*

THE CHARTER ELECTION.—At two o'clock this afternoon, the vote on the rejection or ratification of the new Charter stood about four hundred to reject and thirty to ratify. We are confident that the Charter is lost—which is as it should be. The colored citizens cast almost their entire vote against its ratification.—*Macon Enterprise.*

The Cuthbert Appeal says the Postoffice at Lumpkin, Stewart county, has been closed by orders from Washington, and that hereafter all mail matter for that point will be stopped at Cuthbert. Cause:—the Lumpkin Postmaster is for Greeley and has refused to honor a draft drawn on him for money for campaign purposes.

The citizens of Clayton and Fayette were greatly incensed a few days ago at the action of Johnny Conley, of Atlanta, in scattering promiscuously through the country large Radical posters announcing the time and place of speeches, etc. This gentleman preserved the caution not to come into Jonesboro, but made a circuitous route. He visited Fayetteville, where, it is supposed, he was to meet, at least, one man in sympathy with him. He was probably aware that he would find no such one here, and hence evaded our streets.—*Clayton Times.*

THE STATE FAIR.—Colonel Samuel Barnett, Secretary of the Society, has been very active in all his preparations for the forthcoming exposition, and he is of the opinion that it will be one of the finest Georgia has ever had. He has had agents in the Northern and western cities, who send back encouraging reports of the amount of machinery, imp.ements and goods that will be sent for exhibition. Many of the exhibitors at the Cincinnati and Louisville expositions are coming to Atlanta, while the stock men of Kentucky and Tennessee and other States will bring down some of their finest animals.

The people of Macon ought to begin to bestir themselves a little in the interest of this fair. Next year the fair will be held here, and Macon will want the good offices of the people of Atlanta and all the upper portion of the State. There is no rivalry in this matter, but an earnest and honorable emulation which is creditable to both cities. There is no selfishness in it, and Macon can afford to put forward pretty strong energies, and can ask the same of Atlanta next year. Besides, the fair is not a local enterprise, but one in which all the people of the State have a common interest.—*Macon Telegraph.*

DAWSON A. WALKER.—This gentleman made a speech in the Court House some days ago. The following is his argument: 1. Judge Walker and Governor Smith stand upon identically the same platform of principles. 2. The question to be determined, then, is simply, which is the better man, Walker or Smith? 3. Walker is a right sight better man than Smith, because he is honester, abler, faithfuler. Conclusion: Therefore, Walker ought to be elected Governor of Georgia. On this argument we have two or three questions for Judge Walker: Do you really consider yourself a better man than Governor Smith? If so, we suggest that this of itself is an elegant reason for other people coming to a totally opposite conclusion. In the second place, simply as a question of taste, what think you of the figure you cut prancing around over the State prating of your own honesty, ability, and fidelity? Finally, if there is no principle involved in this contest, why is it that you go against your own people, and with foreign adventurers whose only object is to obtain power, by deluding the negroes, that they may plunder our people?—*Cartersville Express.*

☞ Francis Kernan, Greeley candidate for Governor, was addressing the assemblage. He is a tall, clear-headed speaker. In personal appearance he seems to me to be a very reasonable copy of Andrew Jackson, in physique, hair, physique, and all. Whether he will prove an Old Hickory in the Gubernatorial chair of the Excelsior State, waits to be seen.

THE CAMPAIGN IN GEORGIA!

Large Meetings and Fine Speeches all About.

THE GREELEY TIDE RISING

Public Speaking at Cleveland, September 21, 1872.

Rice, Bell and Riley Talk.

Editors Constitution: The Hon. Geo. D. Rice, Alternate Elector for the State at large, and H. P. Bell, of Forsyth, who represented Col. Dorsey, Elector for the 9th District, addressed a large meeting of the citizens of White county.

Judge Rice made a telling speech for Greeley and Smith. He presented, the arguments for their election for an hour and a quarter with great clearness, ardor and eloquence. His arguments were irresistible. Those who know the Judge's style, know that he searches for truth and deals with facts; yet the glow which around the truth flashed from every sentence, and he was truly eloquent in portraying the honesty, patriotism of Smith, and the magnanimity and nationality of Greeley. He urged the importance of setting the Presidential election by electing Smith by a majority that would dismay Radicalism in Georgia.

Colonel H. P. Bell, though pressed for a time, made one of his happiest efforts. He reviewed Grant's administration, showing that it had violated every provision of the Constitution, vital to liberty. He showed that the writ of *habeas corpus*—the right of trial by jury—the exercise of the ballot—exemption from arrest of person, and seizure of papers and search, etc., taxation through representation, had all perished under the crushing heel of the tyrant. He showed the plunder and villainy of Bullock's administration of fraud and force sustained by Grant's administration, and denounced it with a power of invective that aroused the indignation of every man who heard him. He entreated the people to "redeem the sepulchre of liberty" from the tread of the Turk, and the desecration of the infidel, with a pathos that brought the tear to many eyes.

When he concluded, General H. W. Riley made one of his characteristic speeches. General Riley, though an uncultivated man, is one of the first intellects in the State. His style is not regulated by books, but he is an ardent and eloquent man. He stated that he had belonged to several parties amidst the changes of time, but now there was but one party—the party for the country. He belonged to that party. He denounced the plunder and villainies of Radicalism, and argued, in his own peculiar way, the necessity of supporting Greeley and Smith, and reuniting the country, reconciling sectional antagonisms, and restoring constitutional liberty. He especially urged the election of Gov. Smith. He said Gov. Smith was an upright, bold, honest man—the man for the place. As to the *personal* of the Governor he said that Gov. Smith was as good, or a better looking man than himself.

White aspires to be the banner county of Georgia for Smith. All of the candidates (and they are numerous) are for Smith and Greeley. All right Northeast Georgia.

WHITE.

HON. W. P. PRICE AT GAINESVILLE.

Editors Constitution: Mr. Price made a rousing speech to a large crowd in the Court House to-day upon the issues now before the people. He completely exploded the idea of Grant's administration being a financial success, giving many proofs of his position. Col. Price has been for two years in position to know whereof he speaks. In his speech he portrayed in glowing terms the grand difference between the two national candidates for the Presidency, Greeley and Grant.

Colonel Price showed to the satisfaction of the crowd that to vote for Grant is to indorse centralism and despotism and invite their continuance for the four years to come; and to vote for Greeley is to vote for a return to a pure Democratic and economical form of government, a removal of the bayonets from the persecuted South, and general amnesty to all our people—a "striking of hands across the bloody chasm." He showed that the same issues and results were now before the voters of the State in the Governor's election, Governor Smith representing the one, and Judge Walker the other, of these parties and results. His speech was well received and had a telling effect.

Next Wednesday is to be the convention day to select a candidate to represent the Ninth Congressional District. The convention meets at Gainesville, and we see no reason why Colonel Price should not be re-nominated. Change is dangerous. We know him—have tried him—he has done well for us, more than any other representative we ever had in Congress, and we sincerely think he deserves to receive at the hands of this convention the worthy plaudit, "well done thou good and faithful servant," enter thou into the race again.

Respectfully, HALL.

P. S. I forgot to state that Colonel Price divided his time with Judge Oneal, but the Judge failed to answer any arguments of Colonel P. dwelling mainly upon dead issues.

H.

ELECTOR SMITH AT GRANTVILLE.

Editors Constitution: We had a rousing Greeley meeting here on last Friday evening, 20th instant. P. Francis Smith, Esq., the Elector for the Fourth District, addressed our citizens in a strain of eloquence and logical argument that would convince the skeptical that Horace Greeley is the only hope of the Constitutional rights of our people. Mr. Smith is a young man, but he is a giant in the cause of Greeley and honesty. We wish him God speed in his noble mission. In the course of his remarks he referred to what Animosity Tomcat Akerman is going about, asserting that President Trammell, of the Senate, suppressed the evidence of Frost. Mr. Smith scathingly reviewed said Akerman's assertions, and showed them to be lieing tales in the interest of his Master, "Useless the First."

The meeting was also addressed by Mr. Hudson, the District Elector, in a very happy style; by Mr. George Peavy, the nominee of the District for Senatorial honors, and Mr. S. Leigh. All did well in the cause of right and honesty.

J. S. Bigby, the Radical nominee for Congress, addressed a very slim audience on the evening of the 21st. His speech was, of course, eulogistic of his master, and is scarcely deserving of any mention. His record is so black that some of our colored friends will not support him.

Mr. T. Bennett Newnan, will address the people at this place on Friday evening, October 4th, on the Presidential election. We expect to hear something very eloquent and patriotic, as Mr. Newnan is a speaker of acknowledged ability. Every Straight-Out and Greeley Democrat are invited—Liberals, Republicans, Radicals and all.

Yours, respectfully,

BONA FIDE.

☞ Earl Russell, or Lord John Russell, as he is better known, has just entered upon his eightieth year, and although for fifty-nine years in political harness, forty-eight of which were in the House of Commons, is still hale enough to discharge the duties of a peer, and enjoy himself as much as possible for an octogenarian. He entered parliament in 1813, five years after his great contemporary, Lord Palmerston, who died in 1865, at eighty-one. The two statesmen were in one respect alike: each had held high offices under the government, including the premiership, for half a century. Of all those who were members of the House of Commons in 1813 when Earl Russell entered it, not one now survives.

☞ Think of it as coming from the lips of the Governor of Tennessee. Said he: "We find in the census report that Tennessee is the ninth State in population, the twelfth in wealth and second in ignorance. There are in this State one hundred and forty thousand persons, between the ages of ten and twenty-one, who cannot read and write." These are startling facts.

HALL COUNTY.

Negroes Sentenced for Rape—Political Speaking—Opposition to Greeley Dying Out—Styles, Spencer and Bell E—Walker's Tricks.

GAINESVILLE, GA., September 20, 1872.

Editors Constitution: Our Superior Court is in session this week, and a large number of the citizens of the surrounding country are in attendance. On the 19th, two negroes, named Bird Brooks and Henderson, were tried for the offense of rape on the person of a Mrs. Ansley, a white lady. The proof of their guilt was overwhelming, and on yesterday morning the jury brought in a verdict of guilty, but recommended one, Wade Henderson, to mercy.

Judge Davis this morning passed sentence upon the two negroes. Bird Brooks to be hanged on the 8th day of November, 1872, and Wade Henderson to hard labor in the penitentiary for the term of twenty years. His Honor in his remarks to the prisoners and the crowd assembled to hear the sentence read, was very lucid and strong in condemnation of such horrible outrages against the community, showing that he had the public, without regard to race or color, deeply imbedded in his heart. In this case everybody thinks full and complete justice has been done.

Political matters are beginning to assume, in this section, a very decided aspect. The people are becoming more interested. Democrats who have, up to this time, leaned toward the "Straight" movement are now taking a very decided stand in favor of Greeley and Brown. On the 18th instant, Colonel Cary W. Styles, and Colonel Spencer, of your city, made forcible and effective speeches in favor of the Liberal movement, strongly urging our people to vote for Greeley and Brown, and Smith for Governor of Georgia.

On yesterday Col. H. P. Bell addressed the people in his usual forcible manner and adopted the agressive rather than the offensive in his remarks. He brought to light many of the dark features of Grant's administration, and showed up much of the rascality of Bullock's administration as developed by the different committees, whose reports were acted upon by the last Legislature. It was surprising to see the effect it had upon his hearers. Should this course not be persued by all our speakers? Should they not put our Radical orators and newspapers to defending the grave charges made in these reports, rather than cavelling over the alleged suppressed testimony and also the alleged extravagant expenditure of money by these committees while they were making these grave developments? If it would have the effect all over the State that it has had in Hall, I feel certain that it's the key-note of the campaign. Let it be tried by our public speakers in every section. Colonel Bell also stated that Hon. Dawson A. Walker was blaming Governor Smith, in his North Georgia speeches, for his donation of the Land Scrip to the University at Athens, when he himself was one of the Trustees of the University and accepted the donation! Judge Walker expects to make capital of this trick in this section, and that his connection with the affair will not leak out until after the election. But it's "too thin;" Colonel Bell has shown the matter up, and Judge Walker can't make anything more out of it in North Georgia. The people here were for a while dissatisfied with Governor Smith's action in regard to the land scrip, but with the settlement of the question between the trustees of the university and the Dahlonega Institution they buried the hatchet and are now as active friends as he has in any portion of Georgia. Hall will send up for Smith and for Greeley and Brown a rousing majority when the time comes.

E.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

GRANT ON THE MOVE.

New York: Yacht Racing--Politics--Breach of Promise.

Greeley and Vorhees at Indianapolis.

Negro Horse Thief Linched.

Casualties from Rain and Lightning.

Interesting Foreign Miscellany

Financial and Commercial

WASHINGTON, D. C., September 24.—President Grant leaves Long Branch on Wednesday. He spends Thursday in Philadelphia, and reaches here Friday night.

The Cuban agents have applied to the Attorney General to reopen the case of the Cuban war vessel Pioneer. Attorney General Williams says that nothing can be done.

NEW YORK, September 24.—The Meta beat Viseen and Gracie twenty miles windward and back.

Curtin accepts the Liberal nomination.

A delegate to the Pennsylvania Constitutional Convention declares for Buckalew that he will meet the Presidential issue when the proper time comes before the people in accordance with his settled convictions.

Mrs. Mary Francis Wade sues ex-Mayor Kalbfleish for $150,000 for breach of promise.

INDIANAPOLS, September 24.—Hon. Dan'l W. Vorhees introduced Greeley to his audience here. Greeley announced as the watchword of the present canvass, Reconcilition and Pacification. He said the country today, was confronted with deadly peril of corruption. A cancer is eating into her vitals, whereof the essence is purchased by legislation, bribed public servants, and betrayal of the highest trusts.

MILWAUKEE, WIS., September 24.—The heaviest rain ever known here, commenced at midnight last night and continued until noon to-day, flooding the country. Lightning killed four persons, and burned many structures.

LOUISVILLE, KY., September 24.—A negro horse thief was hanged by disguised men near Orleans, Indiana.

PARIS, FRANCE, September 24.—At the reception given by M. Thiers in the palace of Elysees to-day, Count Orloff, the Russian Minister to France, said that the Czar would not have gone to any meeting the object of which was hostile to France, Count Orloff further said that the Czar had ordered him to formally state this to M. Thiers.

The French Government to-day paid to Germany 57,000,000 francs, completing the fifth half milliard of the war indemnity.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, September 24.—Cotton steady; uplands 18¾; Orleans 19¼; sales 1,365 bales.

Flour more steady. Wheat dull and heavy. Corn a shade firmer. Pork quiet; mess $14 05a14 15. Lard unchanged; steam 8¾a9¼. Turpentine weak at 61½a62. Rosin dull at $4 30 for strained. Freights firm.

Stocks firm. Gold steady 113. Money easy at 6. Exchange—long 7¾; short 9. Governments firm and dull. State bonds steady.

LONDON, September 24, noon.—Consols 93¼ 5s 89½.

Weather tempestuous and some shipping damaged.

FRANKFORT, September 24.—Bonds 90¼.

LIVERPOOL, September 24, noon.—Cotton opened quiet and steady; uplands 9¾a9¾; Orleans 9¾.

LATER—Cotton steady; Orleans for September delivery, 9¾; speculation and export 3,000 bales.

Breadstuffs quiet and steady. Corn 29s 9d. Flour 25s. Cumberland cut 34s 6d. Beef 68s 6d. Pork 93s.

Atlanta Wholesale Price Current.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, Sept. 24, 1 o'clock, P. M.

Advices from the West to-day indicate meats firm with advancing tendencies. Trade is active.

Cotton is weak at 15½ to 15¾. Receipts today, about 150 bales.

FACTORY GOODS.—Brown Domestics—Graniteville, 7-8, 11¼; Trion, 7-8, 11¼; Augusta 7-8, 11¼; Graniteville, 4-4, 13; Trion, 4-4, 13; Augusta, 4-4, 13; Graniteville, 3-4 9¼; Augusta, 3-4, 9¼; light osnaburgs 14; heavy osnaburgs 17c; Yarns $1 60.

BAGGING AND TIES.—Gunny 16½; magnolia and other Western brands 17a18; double anchor and Ludlow 18. Ties 9a10.

BACON.—We quote shoulders 9½; clear sides 12½; clear rib sides 13½; country hams 12¼a13; S. C. hams 16¼a18; plain canvass hams 14½.

BULK MEATS.—Shoulders 8½; C. R. sides 11½; clear sides 11½; long clear sides 10½.

GRAIN.—We quote white corn 82a85; yellow and mixed 75a78. Wheat best quality $1 45a1 55; common Georgia red $1 40. Oats 55a60. Rye 1 25a$1 50. Barley $1 10a $1 15.

HAY.—Western timothy $37a38; Georgia new crop $30a35.

MISCELLANEOUS.—Quinces, 75a$1 per bushel; Sweet Potatoes $1 00 per bushel. Table Peas $1 50.

EXCHANGE.—Buying at par; selling ¼ premium.

FINANCIAL.—Money market stringent; we quote money at 1½ per month. Gold buying at 112; selling at 114. Silver buying at 106; selling at 110.

BONDS AND STOCKS.—Georgia 6s 72a74; 7s 82a84; new Georgia bonds at the State Treasury $1. Atlanta city bonds, 7s, 73a75; 8s 83a85. Augusta 83a85. Georgia Railroad stock 94a96; Georgia Railroad bonds 95a98. Atlanta and West Point Railroad stock 90a93; Atlanta and West Point Railroad bonds 94a96. Macon and Western Railroad stock 96a98. Atlanta National Bank stock 120.

LARD.—We quote buckets, 18½; cans, 12½ tierces, 11¼.

GROCERIES.—We quote: Sugars—Crushed, Granulated and Powdered 14a14½. Coffee A 13; for Extra C 12¾; Yellow C 12½; Brown 11¼a13. Tallow 7. Liverpool salt $2 15; Virginia salt $2. The various brands of soap from Excelsior Steam Soap Works of Atlanta, from 6a7¼c per box. Georgia Soap Factory—5a7c per pound. Candles—full weights 21a21½. Ginger 15. Pepper 25. Corn meal 85a87. Starch 6a10. Rice 9¼a 10 for tierces. Java Coffee 27a30. Rio 20a24. New Orleans syrup 70a75; Molasses—hhds. 37; bbls. 30. Cheese, factory, 14a16.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.—Buying prices from wagons. Eggs 30; chickens 25; country butter 27a30.

FLOUR.—Fancy $9 50; extra family $8 50a8 75; family $8 00a8 25; superfine $5 50a5 50.

Educational.

Wesleyan Female College,

MACON, GEORGIA.

THE THIRTY-FIFTH ANNUAL SESSION WILL begin October 7th, 1872.

For Catalogues containing full information, address REV. R. H. MYERS, D. D., or C. W. SMITH, Secretary Faculty.

aug9-dtoc7

Georgetown Seminary,

No. 76 Cay street,

GEORGETOWN, D. C.

MISS LIPSCOMB, Principal.

THIS Institution, located in a town proverbial for health, offers every facility for acquiring a thorough Education.

Efficient teachers are in every department, and unceasing efforts are made to promote the moral and intellectual culture of the pupils.

Certificates of Graduation on a Full or Eclectic Course of Study will be awarded to pupils who pass examination on the same—Medals and Distinctions to those who stand highest in Department.

Boarding Pupils only the comforts of home like. Fall Session commences September 16th.

For circulars apply at this office, or to Principal.

REFERENCES—Judge B. S. Bibb, Montgomery, Ala.; Dr. A. A. Lipscomb, University of Georgia, Athens, Ga., Judge J. E. Brown, Atlanta, Ga. aug27-dim

OGLETHORPE UNIVERSITY,

Atlanta, Georgia.

THE exercises of the said institution will be resumed on the

1st Monday in October

and discontinued on the

1st Wednesday in July, 1873.

Tuition $75 per annum—half in advance. Board from $16 to $20 per month.

Tuition free to candidates for the Ministry in all denominations.

The Faculty is full and complete.

For further particulars address

REV. DAVID WILLS, D. D., President.

JOHN S. WILSON, President Board of Trustees.

aug30-d4w4f

Medical College

—OF THE—

State of South Carolina,

CHARLESTON, S. C.

THE FORTY-FOURTH COURSE OF LECTURES in this institution will commence on the 15th October, 1872, and will terminate on the 28th March, 1873, thus lengthening the term of study one month.

MEDICAL FACULTY.

R. GEDDINGS, M. D., Emeritus Professor of the Institute and Practice of Medicine.

R. A. KINLOCH, M. D., Principals and Practice of Surgery and Clinical Surgery.

J. F. CHAZAL, M. D., General Pathology, Pathological Anatomy and Hygiene.

MIDDLETON MICHEL, M. D., Physiology.

GEO. E. TRESCOT, M. D., Materia Medica and Therapeutics.

C. U. SHEPARD, M. D., Chemistry.

J. F. M. GEDDINGS, M. D., Theory and Practice of Medicine.

F. L. PARKER, M. D., Anatomy.

F. M. ROBERTSON, M. D., Gynecology and Clinical Obstetrics.

F. PETRE PORCHER, M. D., Clinical Medicine.

MANNING SIMONS, M. D., Demonstrator of Anatomy.

EXPENSES OF THE SCHOOL.

Matriculation Fee	$10 00
Demonstrator's Fee	10 00
Graduation Fee	30 00

Two additions have been made to the Faculty, and it will be seen that a new feature of the present session is that the Lectures will be free of charge.

Board can be obtained in the city at reasonable rates.

Superior CLINICAL advantages offered without extra charge.

For further information apply to

GEO. E. TRESCOT, M. D., Dean of the Faculty.

july28—dlaw3m

THE

"DOMESTIC"

"BEST TO USE."

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S. M. Agents:

It don't pay you to fight the best machine; prove our claims; get the agency and sell it. Address

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No. 4 DeGive's Opera House Block, Marietta street, Atlanta, Georgia.

We have several of the late Improved Wheeler & Wilson, Singer, Howe, Wood and Florence Machines that we have taken in exchange at a low price, for sale very cheap.

THE STATE FAIR!

$40,000 in Cash Premiums

Will be Distributed among 35,000 Ticket-Holders at

The October State Fair,

IN NASHVILLE.

538 Prizes will be Awarded!

PREMIUMS.

1 First Grand Cash Premium	$15,000
1 Second Grand Cash Premium	10,000
1 Cash Premium	5,000
1 Cash Premium	2,000
1 Cash Premium	1,000
1 Cash Premium	500
1 Cash Premium	250
1 Cash Premium	200
10 Cash Premiums, $100 each, is	1,000
20 Cash Premiums, 50 each, is	1,000
50 Cash Premiums, 20 each, is	1,000
150 Cash Premiums, 10 each, is	1,500
300 Cash Premiums, 5 each, is	1,500
538 Premiums	$40,000

The above distribution will take place at the Fair Grounds, on FRIDAY, October 11, 1872, in the presence of everybody attending the Fair that day.

Tickets Only Three Dollars.

A Season Ticket for $3 secures admission to the Fair for the whole week, and also to a chance in the Drawing.

It is not necessary for a person to attend the Fair to participate in the Drawing.

The Fair will commence October 7, instead of September 30, as heretofore announced, and the Distribution will be on the 11th instead of the 4th. This change is made on account of the meeting of the Blood Horse Association, which commences September 30.

Tickets bearing date September 30 to October 5, will be good during the week commencing Oct. 7.

For Tickets and information apply to

J. C. McCORRY, General Agent for the Sale of Tickets, 42 Cedar Street, Nashville, Tenn.

Or to PHILLIPS & CREW, Atlanta, Ga.

sept7—dlm

Agency Domestic and Indian Mission Board S. B. C.,

JONESBORO, GA., July 11, 1872.

Dr. H. Noson, Atlanta, Ga.:

DEAR SIR: I followed up your treatment as directed for nearly a month, when I desisted. In about ten days or two weeks afterward my hand commenced, and now I hear about as well, quite as well, so far as I can tell, as I did before I lost the use of my left ear, in June, 1871. I feel that I am under obligations to you for your treatment, for I am relieved of a great deal of unpleasantness and inconvenience.

Fraternally yours,

W. N. CHAUDOIN, Dis. Sec. and C.,

Office on Marietta street, corner of Peachtree. aug27—dtues&thur-tf

GEORGIA, Fulton County.

To the Superior Court of said county:

YOUR petitioner, Paul Jones, Senior, showeth that in the course of trade and for a valuable consideration, on the 19th day of December, 1871, by purchase from Jesse C. Kyle, he acquired title to a promissory note (here to the Court shown) for the sum of Eight Thousand Dollars, made by amy H Sells, W A S Rondeau and P H Snook, payable to said Kyle, Jesse C, or bearer, dated February 13th, 1871, and due on or before the first day of January, 1872; and that at the same time he, by assignment from the said Kyle, acquired title to a mortgage deed, (here also to the Court shown) executed by said Amy H. Sells to said Kyle and his assigns, to secure the payment of said note, and bearing even date therewith; which mortgage deed covers and embraces all that tract or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the city of Atlanta, and being part of A J Orme's subdivision of block number one hundred and forty-six, in original lot number fifty-one, in the fourteenth district of originally Henry now Fulton county—said portion fronting north on East Harris street, one hundred and eighty-three feet and running back on Butler street two hundred and two feet, with all the rights, members and appurtenances to the said premises in anywise belonging.

Your petitioner avers that the condition of said mortgage deed is broken, that said note is wholly unpaid, and that the amount due thereon is eight thousand dollars, principal, besides lawful interest from maturity. He therefore prays that said mortgage may be foreclosed, and that the usual rule to that end be granted and served according to law.

L. E. BLECKLEY, Petitioner's Attorney.

June 7, 1872.

On filing the foregoing petition, it is ordered by the court that the said mortgagor, Amy H. Sells, pay into court on or before the first day of the next term, to-wit, the second Monday in October next, the principal, interest and cost, or show cause why the equity of redemption in and to the said mortgaged premises should not be forever barred and foreclosed; and that this rule be served as prescribed by law.

L. E. BLECKLEY, Petitioner's Attorney.

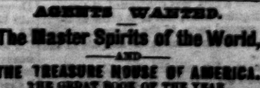
June 7, 1872.

A true copy from the minutes of Fulton Superior Court. W. R. VENABLE, Clerk.

june8-dlaw4m

MONEY CANNOT BUY IT!

FOR SIGHT IS PRICELESS!! But the DIAMOND SPECTACLES will Preserve it.



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To Lawyers.—A full report of the decisions of the Supreme Court is furnished to The Constitution exclusively, by the Reporter of the Court.

To Correspondents.—We do not read anonymous letters and communications. The name and address of the writer are indispensable. Rejected communications we cannot undertake either to return or preserve.

Morning Edition.

ATLANTA:

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1872.

☞ A case occurred in 1868, when a man and woman drank laudanum together. He survived and was sentenced to death for the murder of the woman.

☞ We see that Senator Bayard, of Delaware, has returned from Europe improved in health. When he left he promised on his return to take part in the canvass for Greeley. We may expect to see this gallant Democrat on the stump very soon.

Important Decision.

The Supreme Court decided yesterday that the contracts of the Building and Loan Association, made in accordance with its by-laws, etc., are not usurious.

The decision is an important one.

Montana.

In Montana Territory, last year, the vote stood 4,861 Democratic to 5,274 Radical—Radical majority 413.

This year the vote stood 4,515 Democratic and 4,196 Radical—Democratic majority 319. This shows a Democratic gain of 732.

☞ I heard it stated to-night that if the Octoberelections should go against the "liberal ticket" that The Constitution will haul down Greeley's name and go in for O'Conor.

I give this for what it is worth. It is certain the support that paper gives Glenn for Congress is very lukewarm.—*Atlanta Correspondent Griffin News.*

Both of the above statements are incorrect. We shall stand to Greeley and we support Colonel Glenn cordially and zealously.

Curious Murder.

The English courts are now alive with one of the most curious murder questions ever raised. Two young men agreed to commit suicide. One, named May, was shot by the other, who then shot himself. May survived, but the other died. May has been arraigned for the murder of the other under the rulings of the greatest English Judges, that when two persons naturally agree to commit suicide, if one survives he is the murderer of the other.

Butler Talks.

Beast Butler has just made a Grant speech in Cincinnati. He dropped the following characteristic defense of Grant:

Suppose, my friends, that General Grant desired to take a million dollars from the Treasury for his own use. He cannot take a cent; but suppose he desired to do so. Why, my friends, how much do you suppose it would effect you and me? Suppose he took a million dollars, it would be just two and a half cents for each of us forty million of people; less than you would pay for the Cincinnati Commercial each morning; and if you will take my advice you will not buy the Commercial, but will let General Grant have the money. [Loud laughter.]

How Morton Puts In.

In bold antagonism with Greeley's utterances of kindness and fraternization, we find that Morton,Grant's chief mouth piece, is thus arguing.

"He declared the Ku-Klux policy entirely essential, the South unworthy of trust, and the carpet-baggers the real regenerators and pacificators.

Choose ye, Democrats, between the two. Decide between a policy of reconciliation, Southern equality and constitutionalism represented by Greeley, and a policy of fierce Ku-Klux proscription, Southern degradation, corrupt carpet-bag rule and despotic centralism represented by Grant.

For us Greeley, always.

Radical Misrule in Georgia—Encouraged Crime.

In nothing was Radical misrule in Georgia more fatally deadly to public prosperity than in the encouragement it gave to crime.

The corruption of the judiciary and the abuse of the pardon power struck fatally at the good order of the commonwealth. Life nor property were safe because there was no certainty of punishment.

Bullock pardoned between 400 and 500 convicted criminals during his term. They included desperate burglars and murderers. At one time he pardoned nineteen night burglars in a body, out of the penitentiary, and turned them loose on a community they had robbed.

Contrast this with the course of Governor Smith. The change has been magical.

Not only this but Bullock squandered thousands of dollars upon his favorites in extravagant rewards for criminals, who, when captured, he pardoned to prey on the people again.

Mark the change. Little crime. Little money spent to catch offenders. Rigid administration of justice. Law and order everywhere.

Let us keep Smith in office.

Pennsylvania and Indiana.

The whole interest of the convass is now concentrating in the two great States of Pennsylvania and Indiana. Both parties are pouring their best campaign speakers there. The whole energies of the two great political armies are centering in these two grand battle grounds. The result is a life and death matter to the Grant party. Defeated there, the administration is doomed. Successful, it will make a Greeley victory more difficult to obtain. This consciousness is inspiring the Grant party to the most determined efforts. The auguries are magnificent for Democratic success. The elections come off the 8th of October.

In Indiana, Hendricks is thus reported to be confident of election:

"Senator Hendricks is full of satisfaction at the unprecedented exhibitions of strength and earnestness manifested on all sides, and is free to admit his perfect confidence in the result. Having testimony from nearly all the counties in the State, he feels assured that nothing but the most stupendous frauds can endanger the success of the coalition ticket."

Forney's Press, of Philadelphia, a Grant paper, owns that Buckalew, the Democrat, will be elected.

Altogether, the Democratic outlook is cheering.

Gainesville, September 24, 1872.

Editors Constitution: Last night about 12 o'clock a fire broke out in the jewelry store and photograph gallery of D. E. Evans, and consumed everything he had in it—nothing was saved. Also the residence of Mr. John Willson, which was near enough to catch from the fire. Mr. Willson saved all his house furniture. No insurance on the residence, but $3,000 on the store house and jewelry of Mr. Evans. He reports loss about $2,500.

Court still going on. D.

A Move in Atlanta's Interest.

The Catoosa Courier calls attention to the fact that according to the statement of Daddow, a practical Geologist and mining engineer, there are 170 square miles of coal area in Northwest Georgia that a road 23 miles long from Ringgold to the Eastern base of Lookout Mountain will reach.

It shows also that rich iron ore abounds along the Missionary and Shin-bone Ridge. The valleys of this section are fertile and healthy.

The Courier thus puts the question to us:

We are constrained to believe that were these facts placed fairly and fully before the people of Atlanta, they would not long delay taking such an amount of stock in the Atlanta and Lookout Mountain Railroad as would ensure its speedy construction. To that much desired end, we most earnestly solicit the hearty, active co-operation of the Atlanta press. When the mineral wealth of the territory alluded to shall have been fully opened up, bringing in as a necessary consequence increased capital, and population for *the creation of values out of that which now lies entirely unavailable*, Atlanta, the metropolis of the State, will become the chief recipient of benefits therefrom resulting. To secure such, a subscription of one hundred thousand dollars stock in this short line of road, either in her municipal capacity or on the part of her citizens is all that is necessary.

If action of the kind be much longer delayed, Chattanooga will, by aiding in the construction of a road to the Coosa river, reap the rich harvest of mineral and agricultural wealth which ought to be secured by Georgians to their own State. Will not the State Road Lessees and Atlanta with its public spirit come to the rescue?

The Two Contrasted.

We read daily the strong speeches made by Greeley at different points where he is traveling. They are marked by broad ability and ready eloquence.

It may help to recognize the difference between the two men—Grant and Greeley, to read Grant's speech at the Newark Exposition, which he has just visited.

"Ladies and Gentlemen—I could not but feel grateful for the reception I have received at the hands of the citizens of Newark, of New Jersey. To-day I had the pleasure of visiting the State Fair near Elizabeth, where I saw little else but people. I was at your Exposition to-night, and again I saw but little of what they had there to see. I hope to see to-morrow what I wanted to-night to see."

According to a Herald reporter, when Grant was asked by a Newark admirer how he liked New Jersey, Grant made this queer answer:

"I think she shows a spirit of great enterprise and economical dealings, but this is the only opportunity I have had, sir, of being able to realize it."

To the Democratic Party of Georgia.

Macon, September 23, 1872.

On the second day of October next a battle will be fought in Georgia, that will decide whether you will be freemen or slaves. The result thereof will depend upon your own will and bearing. Radicalism has marshaled her forces for the conflict and is confident of victory. The enemy must be met and driven from the field. Victory is sure if you discharge your duty—defeat awaits you if you are laggard and inactive. Would you save your State from misrule and oppression? Go to the polls. Would you prevent Radical usurpation and carpet-bag tyranny? Go to the polls. Would you have sound legislation and constitutional rule? Go to the polls. Would you have crime punished and your State laws administered? Go to the polls. Would you prevent your people from being burdened with a debt of seven millions of dollars, now pressed by hungry bond-holders? Go to the polls. Would you have a Governor that will protect your treasury, practice economy, execute your laws, lighten your taxes, encourage your industrial pursuits, foster your common schools, elevate your State. Again I say, go to the polls. Let nothing keep you at home when your interests are at stake and your liberties in jeopardy. Rely not upon your success in the past. The army, strong in numbers, may suffer defeat when the effective force is diminished by hospital attendants and idle camp-followers. Arm your sick, carry your lame to the field and your aged to the trenches and urge each and all to engage actively in the struggle, and a glorious victory awaits you. Apathy may cause defeat—and straggling, a disaster. Up, then, and to duty, for all you hold dear, as a people, depends upon the result of the conflict. Arouse your dormant energies; for danger threatens you. Bury petty divisions, and with locked shields, go forth to battle against the plunderers of your treasury, the oppressors of your people, the hungry horde who have waxed fat upon your earnings, and who are seeking again "to rob you in the name of loyalty, and tyrannize over you under the guise of liberty."

No business plea should justify your absence from your post on election day. Go yourselves, and carry your neighbors and friends. Duty demands it, safety requires it. The eyes of the Democracy of the Union are turned toward you—falter not—but strike as men, battling for the right, for home and altar—and victory is yours. A success in Georgia will encourage the armies upon other fields, who with you are struggling for constitutional government and the rights of the States. In the name of an oppressed and impoverished people, in the name of subverted laws, of violated justice, of tarnished honor, I invoke you, my countrymen, in behalf the committee I represent—to go forth to the conflict determined to route your enemies and secure a victory (brilliant and decisive) for Governor Smith, our worthy standard bearer, and the gallant men who with him, are battling for your rights, your interest and your honor. Again I say—to the polls—to the polls—and victory is yours.

T. Hardeman, Jr.,
Chairman Executive Committee.

DECISIONS
OF THE
SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA.

Delivered in Atlanta, Tuesday, Sept. 24, 1872.

[Reported expressly for the Constitution by Henry Jackson, Supreme Court Reporter.]

Z. T. Wright vs. W. R. Phillips. Claim, from DeKalb.

WARNER, C. J.

This case came before the Court below in the form of a claim case. The plaintiff had proceeded to foreclose a lien on a steam saw mill under the provisions of the Act of 1868, for services performed as a laborer in and about said steam saw mill. An execution was issued, and levied on the same as the property of Walls, the alleged owner or lessee of said mill, which was claimed by Phillips. On the trial, the plaintiff offered in evidence the affidavit, execution, and levy on the mill as set forth in the record. The plaintiff alleged in his affidavit that he was employed by one Walls, the owner or lessee of a steam saw mill, situated in said county, (DeKalb) as a laborer in and about said steam saw mill, for which services this deponent is due the sum of $51 50 with interest from the 1st of January, 1870; that deponent has demanded payment of the said Wall, and that he has failed and refused to pay the same; that this prosecution is within one year from the time the debt became due as will more fully appear by reference to the bill of particulars hereto annexed; that deponent claims a lien upon said steam saw mill for the amount so due him as aforesaid. The bill of particulars annexed and referred to in the affidavit is as follows:

"Due Z. T. Wright, for work done at saw mill, fifty-one dollars and fifty cents. This January 1st, 1870. Robert J. Wall."

The plaintiff offered to prove that the prosecutor of the lien against the saw mill was within one year after he rendered the services for which the due bill aforesaid was given by Wall to him, and also that Wall was in possession of the mill at the time of the foreclosure of the lien and at the time the sheriff levied the fi. fa. issued thereon. On motion of claimant's counsel, the Court dismissed all the proceedings which had been taken in the case by the plaintiff, and rejected the evidence offered by him as aforesaid to which the plaintiff excepted. Although the affidavit within is in an awkward matner, still, in our judgment, it is in substance a compliance with the requirements of the Act of 1868. The affidavit alleges that the steam saw mill is situate in the county of DeKalb, which the Courts are bound to recognize as being in the State of Georgia. The affidavit also alleges that payment for the services was demanded of Wall and refused, and that this prosecution is in one year from the time the debt became due, and it was competent for the plaintiff to prove that the due bill was given for those services or in liquidation thereof, and that Wall was in possession of the mill at the time the lien was foreclosed and at the time of the levy of the fi. fas. thereon.

Let the judgment of the Court below be reversed.

L. J. Winn, for plaintiff in error.
Hill & Candler, for defendant.

Jim Williams vs. The State. Assault with intent to murder, from Fulton.

WARNER, C. J.

The defendant was indicted for the offence of an assault with intent to murder. On the trial of the case the jury found him guilty. Court with the following verdict: "We, the jury, find the defendant guilty of an assault with intent to kill." Objection being made to the form of the verdict by the Solicitor General, the Court, after making inquiry of the jury as to what was their intention to find by their verdict, and the Jurymen not being satisfactory, the jury were remanded to the jury room by the Court, with instructions that the form of their verdict should be either be a general verdict of guilty, or a general verdict of not guilty, or a partial verdict of guilty of an assault and battery. The jury, after having retired, returned into Court with a general verdict of guilty. The defendant makes motion in arrest of judgment, on the ground that the verdict was illegal and contrary to the law under the facts in the case, which motion was overruled by the Court, and the defendant excepted. We find no error in the refusal of the Court to grant the motion in arrest of judgment on the statements of facts disclosed in the record. The first verdict was an informal and imperfect verdict, and it was the duty of the Court to remand the jury to their room with the instructions given them in regard to their legal duty as to the form of their verdict. Let the judgment of the Court below be affirmed.

Farrow & Thomas, for plaintiff in error.
J. T. Glenn, Solicitor General, for the State.

Charles F. Elliott vs. The State. Assault with intent to murder, from Fulton.

WARNER, C. J.

The defendant was indicted for an assault with intent to murder. On the trial of the case, the jury found the defendant guilty. A motion was made for a new trial on the general grounds stated in the motion as contained in the rule nisi: First, because the verdict of the jury was contrary to law. Second, because the verdict of the jury was contrary to the evidence. Third, because the Court erred in charging the jury, and in refusing to charge the jury as requested, as set forth in the motion for a new trial. The Court overruled the motion for a new trial, and the defendant excepted. On what ground the Court overruled the motion for a new trial does not appear. The error assigned in the bill of exceptions is the overruling the motion for a new trial. Whether the Court charged the jury or refused to charge the jury as assumed in the motion for a new trial, does not affirmatively appear in the bill of exceptions, and therefore the certificate of the Judge does not cover it. The certificate of the Judge only certifies that the motion for a new trial was overruled, and that the evidence contained in the bill of exceptions is all that is necessary to a clear understanding of the errors complained of in overruling the motion on the ground that the verdict was contrary to that evidence and to the law under that evidence. The bill of exceptions must affirmatively disclose the error assigned. Doebler vs. Waters, 30th Ga. Reports 344. Cameron vs. Ward, 22d Ga. Reports 109. In McLain & West vs. Densmore & Kyle (30th Ga. Reports 724) this identical question was considered and decided. In delivering the opinion of the Court, Lumpkin, J., said that the case furnished another fit occasion to remind the bar of the necessity of taking the precaution to obtain the acknowledgement of the presiding Judge that the grounds taken on the motion for a new trial are true. Not that the motion was made upon the grounds stated in the rule, but that the statements in the grounds are true. The result, therefore, is that the case now before the Court, no other errors can be considered but the refusal to the overruling the motion for a new trial on the grounds that the verdict of the jury was contrary to the evidence contained in the bill of exceptions, and contrary to the law under that evidence. If the Court did charge the jury and did refuse to charge the jury as requested, as assumed in the motion for a new trial, that should have been distinctly stated in the bill of exceptions, so that the presiding Judge could have certified whether in was true or not. The entire Court are unanimous in their judgment as to this rule of practice, but inasmuch as there was no objection made on the argument of this case before this Court as to the assignment of errors, as allege in the motion for a new trial, the majority of the Court place their judgment of concurrence in the reversal of the judgment of the Court below on that ground. I place my judgment of reversal upon a much broader ground. Was the verdict of the jury contrary to law under the evidence contained in the bill of exceptions? The defendant was charged with an assault with intent to murder. In order to make the evidence under that show, that the assault was made under such circumstances, that if death had ensued, the killing would have been murder, which necessarily would have involved the question of malice, either express, or implied. If death had ensued, and the homicide would only have been manslaughter then, the defendant cannot legally be found guilty of an assault with intent to murder. What are the material facts as disclosed by the evidence in the record? The defendant is the brother-in-law of Miss Turner, a young lady about 18 years old, who lived with her parents in the city of Atlanta. She had received a communication through the Post-office, written over a fictitious name, requesting her to meet a gentleman on the street at a certain time, this she communicated to her mother and family. The name of the gentleman was not disclosed, and her brothers desired her to go to the place designated, and they would go with her and find out who it was that was sending such insulting messages to their sister. She went, her brothers and the defendant her brother-in-law, following a short distance behind. When dark, the prosecutor made his appearance, plotted by the negro man and his wife, through whom the communications had been made. She says he took hold of her hand and put it through his arm, and pulled her along. The prosecutor says she took him and said she asked her how long she could stay out. She says he asked her how long she was going to stay out that night, and would she go to his room, or to aunt Sallie's, the negro's house; and also said "let us walk fast." About that time the defendant and her brother came up, and her brother said, "turn my sister loose," and repeated it the second time, and then commenced firing upon him, wounding the prosecutor in two places. The evidence is not clear that the defendant fired at all, but he was there, and was certainly acting in concert with the brother, who did shoot the prosecutor. The prosecutor denies writing the note through the post-office, but admits sending the messages through the negroes, and that his object in meeting the young lady was to have criminal intercourse with her. Such in brief are the substantial facts and circumstances under which the shooting took place. If death had ensued, would the killing have been murder or manslaughter under the law? There could not have been any express malice against the prosecutor, for the defendant did not know who he was; his name had been carefully concealed. Will the law imply malice under the provoking circumstances attending this transaction. In all cases of voluntary manslaughter, there must be some actual assault upon the person killing, or an attempt by the person killed to commit a serious personal injury on the person killing, or *other equivalent circumstances*, to justify the excitement of passion, and to exclude all idea of deliberation or malice, which express or implied. The brother and brother-in-law of their sister discover for the first time the individual who has been sending insulting messages to her, and who was then in the very act of carrying out his purpose, as he himself admits, to invade her chastity. If this would not justify the excitement of passion in the breast of a brother or brother-in-law of a young sister who had a right to claim their protection, what would? But it is said the expressions uttered by the defendant to the prosecutor in his room shortly after the shooting, "that he had received a dose, and when his brother came he would finish him, or finish it," is evidence of malice. On the contrary it shows that the defendant was still under the excitement of passion aroused and produced by the conduct of the prosecutor towards his sister, and that his words gave expression to it, when he came into his presence. In my judgment the evidence in the record does not make such a case, that if death had ensued, the defendant would have been guilty of murder under the law, and therefore should not have been found guilty of an assault with intent to murder. If the jury had found the defendant guilty of an assault only, then there could have been no objection to the verdict. Whilst the Courts cannot and should not recognize the right of any person to take law into their own hands for the purpose of redressing their own wrongs, still the sedncer when he attempts to invade female chastity, should distinctly understand that he encounters all the peril incident to such an attempt on his part. If the prosecutor in this case had confined himself to the pursuit of his legitimate and lawful business, instead of seeking to gratify his carnal appetite in forbidden pastures, he would not probably have been injured. I am, therefore, of the opinion that a new trial should be granted in this case on the ground that the verdict of the jury is contrary to law as disclosed by the evidence in the record.

Let the judgment of the Court below be reversed.

D. F. & W. R. Hammond, Peeples & Howell, for plaintiff in error.
J. T. Glenn, Solicitor General, Gartrell & Stephens, for the State.

McCay, J., and Mongomery, J., concurring.

We concur in the judgment of the Court reversing the judgment on the following grounds:

1. Whilst we concur in holding that the bill of exceptions must affirmatively show that the Court specially made the ruling complained of, and that the granting of a rule *nisi* for a new trial does not show that the grounds taken are true, yet, as the defendant in error did not, on the calling of the cause, object to the assignment of error on this ground, this Court will not now decline to consider the same.

2. In this case the defendant was entitled to have the jury charged as requested—to the effect that if the shooting was done under such circumstances as if death had ensued, it would have been manslaughter only, then the jury should find the prisoner not guilty or guilty of an assault only.

We do not concur with the Chief Justice in holding that the verdict is wrong under the proof, since, in our judgment, there is sufficient evidence of deliberation to justify the verdict.

A. K. Seago vs. R. S. Pomeroy. Trover, from Fulton.

McCAY, J.

It is error in the Court to charge the jury in a trover case, that a demand and refusal is proof of conversion, it not appearing that the property sued for was in the possession, power, or control of the defendant, at the time of the demand and refusal, but if in such a case there be conclusive proof of a conversion in fact, a new trial ought not to be granted.

When the owner of a past due promissory note placed it in the hands of A. for collection, and A. sold it to B. and B. converted it to his own use:

Held, That the true owner might maintain trover for the note against B. and that B. got no title by his purchase from the agent.

Judgment affirmed.

Pope & Brown, for plaintiff in error.
Hill and Candler, for defendant.

A. M. Parker vs. Fulton Loan and Building Association. Action to recover usury paid, from Fulton.

McCAY, J.

Where a suit to recover usury paid was brought against a Loan and Building Association, chartered by the Superior Court in favor of one who had been a member and borrower, and who failing to comply with the rules, as to the payment of his monthly dues, had, by way of settlement, conveyed to the company certain real estate at an agreed price in full discharge of his obligations and it appeared in proof—

That the company consisted of 2,000 shares; that one dollar per month was to be paid upon each share until the accumulations should make each share worth $200; that the monthly receipts were to be used in advancing to the share-holders on their ultimate interest at such rates of premium as the money might bring at auction, and that each shareholder, taking an advance, was to pay one dollar extra upon each share advanced upon, giving a real estate mortgage, to secure the performance by him of his agreement to pay his dues as the constitution of the company required.

Held, 1. That the contract of a member taking an advance according to the rules, was not usurious *upon its face*, whatever might be the premium at which he agreed to take the advance.

2. Whether such a contract, though *legal* upon its face, was, in fact, illegal, would depend upon the object of the association. If it were in truth, a mere device to evade the usury laws, then it would be illegal if in fact more was taken for the use of money than 7 per cent. per annum. But if the organization were in fact and bona fide, a plan with the real intent and object of "accumulating a fund by monthly subscriptions or savings of the members thereof, to assist them in procuring for themselves such real estate as they may deem proper," then it would not be illegal; and this being a question of fact, depending upon evidence, it was proper for the Judge to leave it to the finding of the jury.

3. When no other facts appear to the jury, by the proof, going to show the object of such an association than the constitution and the contract made in accordance therewith, a verdict of the jury that the contract is not illegal, is not only supported by, but is required by the evidence.

If a contract claimed by one of the parties to be usurious and by the other not, is compromised and settled between them the question of dispute as to the usury, forming a distinct item of the settlement this is an accord and satisfaction even as to the usury and the money paid cannot be recovered back, but a mere compromise and settlement of the debt without a distinct reference to the dispute as to the illegality of the contract is not a bar to a suit to recover back the usury paid.

This Court will reluctantly interfere with the discretion of the Judge below in his direction of the business of the Court and never unless manifest injustice have come to the party complaining.

Judgment affirmed.

R Arnold, E. N. Broyles, for plaintiff in error.
A. W. Hammond & Son, Hillyer & Bro., for defendant.

Fleishman & Co. vs. George W. Collier. Case, from Fulton.

MONTGOMERY, J.

1. In a suit in which one of the issues is whether a partnership existed or not at the date of the contract sued on, evidence of the existence of the partnership some three months after the date of the contract is admissible, to be considered by the jury with other evidence tending to show the partnership at the time alleged.

2. In a suit against a partnership in which a plea is filed by the only party served that he is not a member of the firm, but not denying in terms the existence of such a firm, the admission of the person so served that he is a member of the partnership is competent evidence against him to prove his connection with the firm. If there is a return of *non est* as to the other members, and they fail to appear, the judgment will bind the individual property of the party served, and the property of the firm of which he is so proved to be a member as of the date of the contract, but of no other firm.

Judgment affirmed.

D. F. & W. R. Hammond, P. L. Mynatt, for plaintiffs in error.
L. E. Bleckley, John Collier, for defendant.

Thomas O'Neal vs. The State. Murder, from Clayton.

MONTGOMERY, J.

1. It is not error in the Court to call for trial, at a special term for the trial of criminal cases, a case which was continued at the preceding regular term; nor is it error to try it at such special term in the absence of any showing for a continuance on the part of the defence.

2. A juror who married the widow of the prosecuter's uncle is not, on that account, an incompetent juror.

3. Newly discovered evidence, to warrant the granting of a new trial, must be such as would probably have produced a different verdict had it been introduced on the trial; and where it was communicated to defendant's counsel before the argument had closed, who declined then to introduce it, and, assuming it to be true, a want of diligence is shown, a new trial will not be granted on this ground.

4. Where the evidence does not warrant a charge as to reasonable fears the failure of the Court to charge upon that subject is not error.

5. The verdict in this case is not contrary to the charge, the evidence, nor the weight of evidence neither as it without evidence to support it.

Judgement affirmed.

E. W. Beck, M. M. Tidwell, Doyal & Nunnally, R. S. Dorsey, for plaintiff in error.

J. T. Glenn, Solicitor General, Peeples & Howell, for the State.

B. H. Broomhead vs. J. H. Chisolm. *Habeas Corpus*, from Fulton.

MONTGOMERY, J.

1. Where the Judge of the City Court of Atlanta sentences a prisoner to pay a fine or to four months on the chain-gang, and a writ of *habeas corpus* is sued out before him after the prisoner is placed on the chain-gang in conformity to the sentence to inquire into the legality of the detention and the prisoner is brought before him by the person detaining him, the Judge of the City Court has jurisdiction of the case, notwithstanding the prisoner was held in custody without the city limits, and only brought within the city in response to the writ.

2. The Judge before whom a prisoner is convicted, in passing and alternative sentence of fine or imprisonment, should fix some reasonable time within which the fine must be paid. If he fail to do so, the convict has at least a reasonable time within which to pay the fine. Where the imprisonment is for four months from the twelvth of March, and the fine of fifty dollars is paid on the second of April, the time is not unreasonable.

3. On the hearing of such a case, the official receipt of the Clerk of the convicting Court, acknowledging the payment of the fine and costs, was proper evidence to be considered by the Judge, and if not rebutted, entitled the prisoner to his discharge.

4. The contract between the Ordinary and the respondent for the hire of the convict was irrelavent and properly rejected.

5. The refusal of the Judge to grant an order of supersedeas before a bill of exceptions was tendered to him was proper.

6. Any person may petition a Judge for the writ of *habeas corpus* in behalf of a person alleged to be illegally detained in custody.

Judgment affirmed.

Hill & Candler, L. E. Bleckley, for plaintiff in error.

No appearance for defendant.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

The Committee of Seventy.

The Scarcity of Coal in England.

Mexican News.

Cuban Intelligence.

Financial and Commercial

Washington, September 24.—The President and family return on Friday.

Probabilities: For New England on Wednesday southeast and southerly winds, and cloudy weather with rain by or on Wednesday night. For the Middle States, Southeast and south winds, cloudy weather and rain for the South Atlantic States. East to south winds, cloudy weather and rain areas for the Gulf States. South to west winds and partly cloudy weather for the northwest. Rising barometer with north to west winds and clearing weather will extend east over Missouri, Illinois, and Lake Michigan by Wednesday morning, and over Michigan and Indiana by Wednesday afternoon. The low barometer over Wisconsin will probably move northeast into Canada. Brisk and very brisk south winds for Lakes Erie, Huron and Michigan to-night, and for Lake Ontario on Wednesday. Caution signals are ordered for Milwaukee, Chicago, Grand Haven, Detroit, Toledo, Cleveland and Buffalo.

New York, September 24.—At a meeting of the Committee of Seventy held to-day, it was decided to continue the committee as at present constituted. No general plan for the campaign was adopted, but it was the general opinion of the members present that the question of a national canvass should not be allowed to interfere with local politics.

Thos. Cunningham, who is charged with defrauding the State of Mississippi by means of forged warrants, was examined to-day and remanded to prison till Friday, when the number of legal points which have arisen will be discussed.

The President arrived in this city from Long Branch to-day, and after visiting Republican headquarters, started for Washington this afternoon.

Providence, R. I., September 24.—The Marshal sold the Cuban vessel Pioneer for $48,000.

London, Eng., September 24.—The advance in the price of coal has caused an increase in the expenses of running the Lancashire cotton mills to such an extent that it has been decided to reduce the number of hours of labor in them while the present high price is maintained.

Paris, September 24.—General Wantenfell, Commander of the German troops now in France, and the French authorities have agreed that the evacuation of the departments of Marne and Haut Marne shall commence October 15th.

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

New Orleans, La., September 24.—The Chamber of Commerce having invited Mr. Nelson to address a meeting of their Board on the means of promoting commercial relations between the United States and Mexico, he has accepted the invitation, and will probably repeat his speech in other cities.

Mr. Skilton has entered upon his duties as Consul General of the United States in Mexico.

City of Mexico, via Havana, September 16.—The authorities have released Thiete, who was confined in Chiapas. Thiete is not an American but a naturalized Mexican and engaged in the Parfiro-Diaz revolution.

Mr. Nelson, the United States Minister, is investigating the case of Thiete, and has demanded proof of his American citizenship but none has been furnished. The Report that Minister Nelson had neglected the cases of several American citizens who were in trouble are pronounced untrue. The parties making these charges are generally adventurers and unentitled to protection. Nelson has recovered from his recent illness and is now engaged in arranging the affairs of the mixed commission with a likelihood of success. He soon leaves for the United States with the remains of his wife, which will be taken to Indiana for final interment.

The republic is tranquil. Negotiations for the submission of General Diaz continue and are likely to succeed.

Two new Journals will shortly be published, which will support Santa Anna for the Presidency of Mexico.

The Rosecrans Railroad project meets with univeral favor, and it is thought congress on re-assembling will grant necessary concessions.

Havana, Cuba, September 24.—The Voce de Cuba says it cannot contemplate calmly the outrages heaped upon unconditional loyalists of Porto Rico; it makes the blood boil to see how the Spanish party have been made victims for the want of proper support.

The Voce also attacks the appointment of Peralto as Spanish Minister to Venzuela.

While the police were engaged in registering in the barracks the Chinese who are employed to clean the city a fight occurred, during which one Chinaman was killed and a number wounded. Contradictory accounts of the origin of the disturbance are in circulation; but the trial is now in progress and will show which is to blame.

Telegraphic Markets.

New York, September 23.—Cotton steady; uplands 18¾; Orleans 19½; sales 3,640 bales.

Cotton receipts to-day—net 126 bales; gross 4,118.

Cotton sales for future delivery to-day, 17,900 bales, as follows: September, 18 3-16a18¼; October, 17 15-16a18¼. November, 18 1-16a18 3-16. December, 18 3 16a18⅜. January, 18 11-16a18 13-16. February, 19¼a19⅜. March, 19⅝a19 13-16. April, 20¼a20 3-8.

Flour quiet and unchanged. Whisky heavy at 92. Wheat heavy; spring 1@3 cents lower; winter red western $1 42@1 73. Corn a shade better for export and home demand. Rice steady. Pork heavy at $14 75@15. Lard heavy @16¾. Turpentine weak. Rosin dull. Tallow dull at 8¾@ 5-16. Freights a shade firmer.

Money easy and ranging at 3@7. Sterling inactive at 9¼@9¾. Gold 113@113¼. Governments steady. State bonds very quiet.

Latest—6s 15's, 6s 14's, 6s 14's, 6s 13's; new 13's, 6's 13's, 6s 18's; new 6s 11; 10-40s 8¾. Tennessees 72¾; new 73¾. Virginias 66; new 48. Cosmos 80¾; deferred 15. Louisiana 6s 53; new 48. Levee 6s 55; 8s 60. Alabama 8s 80; 5s 60. Georgia 6s 70; 7s 85. North Carolinas 32; new 20; special tax 12. South Carolina 49; new 24; April and October 25½.

Baltimore, September 24.—Cotton—middlings 18½; gross receipts 294 bales; exports coastwise 72, sales to-day 470—last evening 230; stock 1,640.

Flour dull and favors buyer. Wheat steady. Corn dull—white 68a70; yellow 64a66. Oats firm. Provisions have an advancing tendency. Mess pork $15a15 25. Bacon shoulders 8¾. Whisky firm.

New Orleans, September 24.—Cotton in good demand, good ordinary 17¼; low middlings 17¾; middlings 18¾; net receipts 4,299 bales; gross 4,374; sales 2,200; stock 33,768.

Flour scarce and firmer; superfine $5 25a5 50; treble extra $7 25a8 25; family $8 50a10. Corn firmer; white 62; yellow 62a63. Oats quiet at 44a45. Bran scarce and firmer at 21 00. Hay—prime $24a25; choice scarce at $26@27. Pork firmer at $14 75a15. Bacon quiet; stock held at 8¾a12a12¼a13¾. Hams—sugar-cured 18¾a19. Lard—choice tierce 10¼a10¾; keg 12a12¾. Sugar scarce; fair to fully fair 10¼a11¼. Molasses—no market. Whisky quiet but firm at 91a91½. Coffee 14a18¾.

Sterling Exchange 22; sight par ¼c discount. Gold 13¾.

Wilmington, September 24.—Cotton—middlings nominally 16½; net receipts 492 bales; exports coastwise 391; sales 10; stock 46 bales.

Philadelphia, September 24.—Cotton quiet. middlings 18¾.

Augusta, September 24.—Cotton middlings 16½; net receipts 608; sales 601.

Boston, September 24.—Cotton dull; middlings 19; net receipts none; gross 2,325 bales; exports to Great Britain 51; sales 200; stock 5,000.

Norfolk, September 24.—Cotton—low middlings 17¼; net receipts 738 bales; exports coastwise 637; sales 30; stock 1,971.

London, September 24, evening.—Sugar all-at 23s 3d.

Liverpool, September 24, evening.—Cotton unchanged; sales of middling Orleans for October and November delivery, 9¼. Yarns and fabrics dull with a downward tendency.

Memphis, September 24.—Cotton active; middlings 17¼a17¾; receipts 263; shipments 238 bales; stock 2,899.

Galveston, September 24.—Cotton weak; good ordinary 15¼a15¾; net receipts 1,092 bales; sales 600; stock 12,413.

St. Louis, September 24.—Bagging steady 15a18. Flour steady. Corn No. 2 mixed 40 a41. Whisky firm at 91. Pork firm at $14 50. Bacon firm; shoulders 8¾; sides 11¾a12. Lard—summer 8¼a8¾.

Louisville, September 24.—Flour steady; extra family $6 50a7 00. Corn steady at 50a52. Pork $13 75. Bacon firmer; shoulders 8, clear rib sides 11a11¼. Lard—tierce firm at 9¾; kegs advanced to 11¼ for round lots; order lots ¼ higher. Whisky firm at 90.

Charleston, September 24.—Cotton firm; ordinary 15a15½; good ordinary 16a16¼; low middlings 16½; middlings 16¾a16¾; net receipts 230 bales; gross 2,301; sales 300; stock 13,538.

Savannah, September 24.—Cotton firm and good demand; middlings 17¼a17½; low middlings 16; net receipts 4,931 bales; sales 2,900; stock 15,546.

Mobile, September 24.—Cotton firm; low middlings 17¼; middlings 18a18¼; net receipts 1,031 bales; exports coastwise 962; sales 700; stock 4,394.

Funeral Notice.

DOWNS—The friends and acquaintances of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Downs are respectfully invited to attend the funeral of their infant son, Walter, from residence on Collins street, at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

Amusements.

DeGIVE'S OPERA HOUSE.

Lessee and General Director.....JOHN TEMPLETON.

INITIAL SEASON OF

GRAND OPERA!!

The management takes pleasure in announcing the opening of the present season with the celebrated

ENGLISH OPERA COMPANY,

the principal Artists of Parepa Rosa Company, and the genuine

Musical Stars of Europe and America.

FIRST GRAND PERFORMANCE

Thursday Evening, September 26,

The immortal Verdi's masterpiece in Four Acts,

IL TROVATORE,

And the Comical and Fashionable specialty,

Perepa Rosa!

Opera Nights Limited. Doors open at 7. Plan of Seats for any night at Phillips & Crew's. Most Liberal Opera Prices ever known.

Parquette and Reserved Seats.....$1 00
Admission.....75 cents
Family Circle.....50 "
Colored Gallery.....25 "

sept25-dtf

New Advertisements.

FOR SALE.

A VILLAGE HOME, 8¾ acres, on Georgia Railroad, 2¾ miles from Union Depot, Atlanta. Improvements—Cottage with 6 rooms, and premises nearly all well enclosed.

Terms to suit, balance 1 and 2 years, with interest.

BELL & GOLDSMITH,
Real Estate Agents.

sept25-dtw

Fulton Superior Court.

THE Grand and Petit Jurors summoned for the 1st week of this Court will not be required to serve, as Court will not open until the 2d week in October.

W. R. VENABLE, Clerk.

sept25-d1w

ESTABLISHED IN 1857.

Peter Lynch,

93 Whitehall Street,

WHOLESALE and Retail Grocer and Dealer in Provisions generally. Also, wholesale dealer in all kinds of Liquors. Wines, Cigars, Domestic and Imported and bottled Cider, bonded English, Irish and Scotch Ales and Porters, etc., etc. In fact a general Family Grocery Store to supply customers in every part of my stock. Orders solicited.

All orders from the city and country accompanied with cash, or unquestioned reference, will have my special, most liberal and prompt attention.

Terms cash.

PETER LYNCH.

sept25 60m

"BAZAAR GAZETTE."

IN connection with the Bazaar to be held in Atlanta, between the 9th and the 21st prox., for the benefit of

St. Philip's (New) Episcopal Church,

WILL BE PUBLISHED THIS

"BAZAAR GAZETTE,"

a Daily paper containing items of general and local interest, also, contributions from the pens of many of the most accomplished writers of the day.

The price of sub-cription is $1 00; and the ladies connected with the enterprise, earnestly

The Daily Constitution.

ATLANTA:

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1872.

City Intelligence.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Call at Mr Lawshe's Jewelry Emporium.
Peter Lynch, Wholesale and Retail Merchant.
Toomey, Stewart & Beck, Hardware Merchants.
Notice to Jurors—Fulton Superior Court.
"Rumor Gazette" issued next month.
Village home for sale by Bell & Goldsmith.
Removal of Jourdan, Howard & Haralson.
Parepa Rosa Opera Troupe to-morrow night.
See legal notice by Judge Nolan, Ordinary of Henry county.
See entry notice from DeKalb county.

DR. T. H. DOZIER delivers a temperance address at Evans' Chapel on Thursday night.

GO TO Cohen's & Selig's, corner of Whitehall and Alabama streets, and buy splendid white blankets at $4 a pair.

REMOVED.—Jordan, Howard & Haralson have removed from Whitehall street to Pryor, opposite Kimball House.

AND NOW let the Street Committee advertise for proposals to build the iron bridge across the Rail road on Broad Street.

THE "Gordon Zouaves" will meet to-night at the Chamber of Commerce at half past eight o'clock Every Zouave is expected to zou to-night.

REQUEST.—That all the late candidates for the various county offices, both the defeated as well as the victorious, meet at the office of Hill & Candler to-night at 7½ o'clock.

FULTON SUPERIOR COURT.—The Grand and Petit Jurors summoned for the first week of Fulton Superior Court will not be required to serve as Court will not open until the third week in October. So said Dick Venable, the clerk.

VILLAGE HOME FOR SALE.—Bell and Goldsmith, Real Estate Agents, offer for sale a handsome suburban home, two and a half miles from the city on the Georgia R. R., containing eight and a half acres. On it is a neat six room cottage.

Editors Constitution:—Having heard the name of Colonel S. B. Spencer frequently mentioned as a suitable person for the next Mayor of Atlanta, we beg to submit through your paper his name for the voters at the approaching nomination.

MANY VOTERS.

THE propriety of having an accommodation train to run between Atlanta and Griffin on the Macon and Western Railroad is being discussed. It will develop the section on both sides of the road between the two points and benefit both places and the road.

ARE THEY BOLTERS.—Did the thirty-seven Knights who nominated candidates for the Legislature last night and the nominees, participate in the nomination Saturday? If they did are they not bolters? Do they expect to get Democratic votes, or is it a bid for negroes.

REMEMBER GENERAL GARLINGTON'S SPEECH TO-NIGHT.—General Garlington is a South Carolinian who has recently moved amongst us and being familiar with the many oppressions South Carolina has had to undergo, his speech will, no doubt, be interesting. The ladies are invited to attend.

CHARLES COWART.—Charles Cowart was admitted to practice in the Supreme Court of Georgia yesterday. He possesses a fine legal mind, is a close student and lover of the profession. He is destined to make his mark in it.

PERSONAL.—Mr. Lewis Beck, of the firm of Toomey, Stewart & Beck, has returned from market. He was in Pittsburg while the Soldiers' and Sailors' Convention was in session. He also hobnobbed with Greeley at Cincinnati and Louisville.

STATE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MISSOURI.—Dr. W. S. Townsend is the Local Agent of the above Company in Atlanta. He consented to do after a careful investigation of the status of the Company. The high character of Dr. Townsend is a assurance that the Company is O. K.

Billows Constitution: I am imposed to the nomination maid bye hour party last nite. If I fele like we have deskried principals, yet because we hant nominated the rite man.

Iam for Mr. Shaklifoot an J. Henlysmith til deth is us sevur.

SETH BRANT.

SETH BRANT—If we cant git J-Henlysmith then sy us burgess.

THE public square in Decatur has been greatly improved by Judge Webster, the Ordinary. A handsome fence, nicely painted, with convenient gates, encloses the square, while inside the ground is being prepared for the cultivation of the grasses. It is called the Central Park.

DEKALB SUPERIOR COURT.—Yesterday the case of Lydia A. Smith vs. J. T. Willingham, for the possession of the "Red Store" at Stone Mountain, was decided in favor of the plaintiff. It will probably go up to the Supreme Court again.

The Criminal Docket will probably be taken up to-day.

THE H. I. KIMBALL HOUSE.—Mr. S. R. Crittenden, the lessee of the Kimball House, has sold all of the magnificent furniture in the house to Joseph Thompson & Co., who have rented the house and furniture to Colonel Wm. M. Nicholls, of Savannah, and he will take possession October 1st. Mr. Crittenden has made many friends here, and we hope that Atlanta will not lose him as a citizen.

PAREPA ROSA OPERA TROUPE.—The Parepa Rosa Troupe give their first performance at DeGive's on to-morrow night. It is no burlesque troupe, it contains some fine musical stars. "Il Trovatore" will be given to-morrow night, to be followed by a comic sketch, "Parepa Rosa." We know DeGives will be crowded, so we advise all to secure their seats early.

PETER LYNCH, GROCER.—The name of Lynch is connected with the history and prosperity of Atlanta.

Many of our readers know that Peter Lynch is one of the oldest grocery merchants in Atlanta. He has long kept a large stock, and by fair dealing has built up a large trade. He invites everybody to come and trade with him, promising to deal fair and sell good goods cheap. Parties from the country can find at his stores most everything they want. Don't fail to go.

THAT BIG CISTERN.—This morning Messrs. Insley, Berry & Co., will commence the foundation of two elegant store rooms, on Alabama street, where our neighbor across the way was going to have the big cistern.

The stores are to be two stories high fitted up with the most improved elevators, and to be ready for it on the first day of January next. They will be occupied by Messrs. Williams, Langston & Crane and Rhea, Garrett & Bro.

FIRST-CLASS JEWELRY.—We advise all our city friends to pay a visit to Mr Lawshe's jewelry emporium, No 39 Whitehall street. We know that they are excellent judges of, and appreciate fully, the beautiful. They cannot fail to admire the earrings and breastpins of pearl, jet, coral and pure gold, of the latest styles. The Japanese style is admired by all.

In watches, he has a fine stock. For "time" pieces that keep regular and correct time, Lawshe has been noted. The stock of sterling silverware is large and superior. Its quality is sterling.

Everything usually kept in a first-class jewelry store can be found at Lawshe's Emporium.

SUPREME COURT DECISIONS.—The decisions of the Supreme Court yesterday will be found on the second page. The judgment of Fulton Superior Court in the case of Jim Williams (col.) for assault with intent to murder, was affirmed.

The judgment of the same court in the case of Chas F. Elliott, for assault with intent to murder was reversed. Judgment was affirmed in the cases of A. L. Boggs vs. R. S. Pomeroy: A. M. Parker vs. Johnson Loan and Building Association. Fleishman & Co vs. G. W. Collier; Broomhead vs. Chisolm. Judgment was reversed in the case of E. T. Wright vs. W. R. Phillips.

Judgment was affirmed in the the case of Thomas O'Neal, of Clayton, convicted of murder.

RECORDER'S COURT—"BY YE SPECIAL."—The Honor, the Recorder's entertainment was well attended yesterday by all shades and grades. It was by no means a select party, but variegated. His Honor was in fine spirits, and quickly dispatched those cases, with a small profit to the city. In his decision in the case of the Straight Out and Greeleyites, he decided on last Saturday, his Honor decided it was useless to fall a Straight Out he was for Grant, and had been accordingly.

In the case of Floyd Lindsay, who was picked up in the City Hotel without the proper badge on his hat, and in possession of a trunk that did not belong to him, His Honor, for the small amount of five dollars and expenses, kindly proposed to give Floyd a few points in the law, as he was ignorant of them, as he was being "skinned" destitute of speech. Dr. Ross' treatment would doubtless prepare Floyd for speech-making.

MEETING OF THE BOLTERS.

Strayed Outs in Council.

Thirty-Seven Persons All Told.

J. Henly Smith, Grand Cyclops.

A Roaring Farce Last Night.

The meeting was called to order by its President, Dr. Alexander, who explained the object of the call to be to take into consideration matters of serious moment to the Democratic party of Georgia and the nation.

J. Henly Smith moved that a committee of nine be appointed to prepare business for the meeting.

The Chair appointed as that committee: J Henly Smith, T T Smith, Robert Caldwell, Calvin Fay, W M Bray, R M Wall, R J Loyall, W H Weems, Dr. L H Orme.

During the absence of the committee, H. K. Shackleford was called for and shed a few tears at the division, death and burial of the Democratic party, and proposed to arraign, and did arraign the Greeley Democrats for the murder, but failed to obtain a jury, as the most, if not all present were either biased or prejudiced. Even his anecdotes were so fun-eral they failed to provoke a smile.

The committee returned and reported the following preamble and resolutions:

Whereas, The Jeffersonian Democracy in convention met on the 19th instant, prompted by an earnest desire to preserve and maintain the integrity, unity and harmony of the party in the county and in the State, formally and in good faith proposed to the Greeley wing of the Democracy, as a basis of compromise, that the Straight Democracy would concede to the Greeley Democracy of the county two out of the three of the nominees for the lower House of the General Assembly, and support the entire nominated ticket made by the popular vote on the 31st instant, provided the Greeley Democracy would ratify and indorse the *single* nomination of Colonel A. M. Wallace, made by the Straight Democracy as a candidate for Representative for Fulton county; and

Whereas, This proposition, tendered as it was, in a spirit of conciliation and ardent hope of effecting a reconciliation of existing deplorable differences in the party, was rejected at the polls, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Jeffersonian Democracy in Convention assembled, do proceed to nominate two additional candidates for the office of Representatives for Fulton county.

Resolved, That in addition to Col A. M. Wallace we respectively present the names of Capt. John A. Stephens and Dr. John S. Wilson as two additional candidates for the Lower House of the Legislature.

And Resolved further, That we make these nominations and present the same to the people for their suffrage upon the principles set forth in the Resolution adopted by this club at our last meeting.

Resolved, That the Chairman of this Club issue an address to the people of the county.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

J. HENLY SMITH, Chairman;
L. H. ORME,
T. T. SMITH,
CALVIN FAY,
R. M. WALL,
W. M. BRAY,
R. J. LOYALL,
R. M. CALDWELL,
Majority of the Committee.

Colonel W. H. Weems offered the following minority report:

Resolved, That we deem it inexpedient under existing circumstances to make any nominations of candidates for the Legislature.

On motion of J. Henly Smith, this motion was tabled, and the report of the majority committee prevailed.

The meeting adjourned.

DEKALB COUNTY FAIR.—The DeKalb County Fair comes off at Lithonia on the 9th of October. The Executive Committee met at Decatur yesterday, and completed arrangements for holding it.

The following appointments of superintendents of departments were make:

Department A—Field Crops—N M Reid.
Department B—Horses and mules—Col J J Morrison
Department C—Cattle—H F Veal.
Department D—Sheep—J W Fowler, Sr.
Department E—Swine—J H Born.
Department F—Articles of Household Economy—Mrs E E Cox, Mrs G F Turner, Mrs S B Robson, Mrs P A Collier, Mrs W G Whitby, Mrs J T Willingham, Mrs R J Tuggle, Mrs J W Scruggs, Mrs J N Swift, Mrs J H Born, Mrs J T Alford, Mrs D Anderson.
Department G—Manufactures—H G H Miller, J R Smith, J W Kirkpatrick.
Department H—Fruits and Vegetables—W J Houston, S B Robson, H F Wootten.
Department I—Essays—Daniel Johnson, A J Veal, T C Howard.
Department J—Plowing match—J C New, J N Swift, S E Brown.
Special premium $5 for best Milker—Mrs M A Candler, Mrs H F Wootten, Mrs J C Ragsdale.
Special premium, cook stove, for the finest and best child under 2 years of age—E Cox, J W Veal, J W Tuggle, Mrs W L Goldsmith, Mrs J W Goldsmith, Mrs W P Bond.
Special premiums have been offered for the best brass band in the county, and for the most boys in one family, (no girls.) Committees will be appointed hereafter.
J C Ragsdale, R A Alston and Dr W P Bond were appointed Marshals of the Fair Ground.
No liquor will be allowed to be sold on the Fair Ground under any circumstances.
The Secretary's office will be opened in Lithonia on the 8th. All articles must be entered on the 8th, the day previous to the Fair.
Articles designed for exhibition only will not be charged an entrance fee.
All articles intended to compete for premiums will be charged in the following ratio:

Fine horses and mules	$1 00
Fine cattle	50
Sheep and swine	25
All other articles	25
Single tickets of admission	25
Children under 12 years	10

No money will be received at the gate. Tickets of admission must be procured from the Treasurer. Hon. W. L. Goldsmith and Hon. M. A. Candler will have special charge of the ladies on the grounds. Editors throughout the State are invited to attend. J. R. Mehaffey and G. A. Ramspeck will take charge of all who attend. Over fifty competitors, we learn, will compete for the cooking stove premium. It is said that Kirkwood intends to bear off the banner for meritorious articles. Visitors can attend and return the same day for one fare.

THE PIG'S PETITION.—*To his Honor the Mayor, and the Honorable Board of Aldermen:* The humble petition of an unhappy and persecuted class of denizens of this city respectfully represents—

That we are the victims, without any fault of our own, of oppression, misrepresentation, abuse and violence; that while we put one, at least, of the laws in force, we receive no remuneration for it, and are not even allowed the protection and shelter of the grave into which we do not descend, but die unpitied and unlamented, only to be given up to dissection. Of this, were it for the benefit of science, we should not complain; but our breathless remains, after being made ghastly public spectacles in the market places, are hacked and hewed by hands even more ignorant of anatomy than half the surgeons of the city.

We have no fathers, as far as we know, to watch over our steps, and, therefore, Fathers of the City, we appeal to you. No cradle rocked our infancy; no bed invited us to needful rest; fortunate our mothers esteemed themselves, if they could get straw, and but little of it; happy, thrice happy, if *all* their progeny, despite their grunts of maternal agony and their treble squeaks of terror, were not torn from her embraments, and delivered to that doom which they and all swine must come to.

As soon as we were capable of following our noses—snouts, we mean—and rooting our way alone, we were turned out of doors, if doors we had, to perform our servile duty, and were paid with curses for doing it. Now comes the cream of our complaint—we are still content to do the duty of the Council; we repine not at hard fare and unfurnished lodgings; we bear no malice against the very dogs by whom our tails are ear-tatled, and our ears abridged—but we account it our most grievous wrong that we, certainly not the least useful and respectable class of this community, should be pursued through life, by the envenomed breath of scandal. When a hog with two legs is found wallowing in the gutter, the injurious watchman immediately proclaims him as drunk as a swine, though we never read of a drunken swine, excepting the famous sow of King David, who had the imprudence to feed upon brandy cherries. Besides, the porcine race only slop in gutters because they have no other place, wherein the sot can claim no such necessity. Is a man particularly disagreeable to his fellows—they pronounce him a perfect pig, wanting only the bristles, some of which, perhaps, they wear on their cheeks and upper lips from choice, as we do from stem to stern from stern necessity, having no razors. Nay, they will shamelessly exhibit the cherished excrescences at the National or Kimball; an impropriety of which none of us were ever guilty. Pigs know their places—few humans can say the same!

Again—gluttony, slovenly habits, and enormities of the grossest description are as familiarly as unjustly called swinish propensities; for was a pig ever known to insult a woman, or quarrel without cause, or to chew tobacco, or smoke, or take snuff? When did a pig ever laugh at law, decency, or religion? If our appetites are keen, it is because you half starve us; and if we are dirty, yours is the blame, not ours. Why do you not give us baths, combs and hair brushes? You complain that our voices are not musical, and you pet your daughters to the harpsichord and piano, though they may have no better ears or voices than we.

Starve us, eat your dogs upon us, cut our throats, eat us, if you will, but derive some means to your wisdom to enough to form their kitchen, the most mangled intimation, and that you may increase to extremity we only can awaken in our petulant days, shall be the daily and nightly grunt of your ill-used petitioners, the Swinish Multitude.

DARIUS SPEAR, Grinder, pro tem.

COL. L. J. GLENN.—Col. L. J. Glenn, the Democratic candidate for Congress in this District, made one of the finest and happiest efforts of his life yesterday in Decatur. The Court House was packed with an attentive audience. Many colored persons were out. Col. T. C. Howard being called for at the conclusion of Col. Glenn's speech, responded in one of his telling and powerful efforts. He presented the argument in an unanswerable shape. Candler, Goldsmith, McCurdy, Reed, Ragsdale, Matt Jones, Masters, and the prominent men of the party are active in their efforts to induce the people to come out and vote. DeKalb will do her duty, and give Glenn for Congress, Greeley for President, Smith for Governor, and Winn for the Senate at least 800 majority.

TOOMEY, STEWART & BECK.—Toomey, Stewart & Beck occupy the handsome double stores at the corner of Pryor and Decatur streets, in the Republic Block. The stores are handsomely fitted up, and filled with a heavy stock of hardware, cutlery, etc., just received from the North. Everything that is kept in their line can be found here, and at satisfactory prices. They are wholesale dealers. Their trade has developed into large proportions. The members of the firm are noted for their high integrity, sterling qualities, and unblemished reputations in all the walks of life. They deal promptly, fairly and squarely with all. Call and examine their fine stock. You cannot fail to be pleased with it and the firm.

DESERTER CAPTURED.—Policeman Couch and T. G. Jones, yesterday morning, near Palmetto captured ex-Sergeant George Dennis, of Company E U. S. Infantry, and delivered him to the Hotel dq Wooding, on the arrival of the West Point train.

SUPREME COURT CASES.

Regular Order of Business—Cases yet to be Decided.

[REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE CONSTITUTION BY HENRY JACKSON, SUPREME COURT REPORTER.]

13	Atlanta	21	17 Middle 1
12	Rome	3	18 Ocmulgee 12
14	Cherokee	14	19 Eastern 7
15	Northern	8	20 Brunswick 8
16	Augusta	20	

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA, *September* 24, 1872.—After the delivery of decisions in the cases heretofore argued, the regular order of business was resumed.

Charles Cowart, Esq., was admitted to the bar upon taking the usual oath.

No. 10, Atlanta Circuit. The Georgia National Bank vs. Felix H. Henderson. Case, from Fulton. Collier, Mynatt & Collier, for plaintiff in error. Wm. Rezard, Hulsey & Tigner, contra.

Pending the argument of Wm. Rezard, Esq., the Court adjourned until 10 o'clock, A. M., to-morrow.

Local and Business Notices.

REMOVAL.—Jourdan, Howard & Haralson have removed from Whitehall street to their new store opposite the Kimball House. Parties who desire to purchase TOBACCO can be supplied in any quantity and quality, and at prices to suit the times. Call at our new store. sep25—d3t

HEADQUARTERS,
NEW YORK STORE,
No. 39 Whitehall Street.

The most elegant stock of Dry Goods in the city, at the lowest prices imaginable, at STEINHEIMER BROS';
sep22—d3t

To arrive by Express, a car load of those handsome and elegant OTTAMAN SCARFS—just the thing for ladies to wear now. For sale at Headquarters of the New York Store, No. 39 Whitehall street.
sep22—d3t STEINHEIMER BROS.

IN STOCK and for sale at Headquarters of the celebrated New York Store, No. 39 Whitehall street, a splendid assortment of Silk Ties. Nos. 4, 5, 7, 9, 12 fine Silk Ribbons, all colors. STEINHEIMER BRO.
sep22—d3t

AT THE celebrated New York Store, No, 39 Whitehall street, ladies will always find Polite Salesmen to serve them. Mr. A. S. Labold and Mr. Bach, of the late firm of Wm. Rich & Co., are always on hand to please the Ladies, at
sep22—d3t STEINHEIMER BROS.

FALL ANNOUNCEMENT.—The flattering success of the past season has compelled us to extend our facilities in our Merchant Tailoring Department, in order to supply the increasing demand. The substantial support or a generous public has encouraged us to procure, at a large salary, the services of one of the most experienced Cutters in the profession, who is assisted by a corps of first-clas workmen which enables us to produce elegant garments at reasonable prices.
EISEMAN & BRO.,
sep21-dtf 56 Whitehall street.

OLD PAPERS! OLD PAPERS!—For sale at CONSTITUTION OFFICE in bundles of 100 copies each for convenience of customers. $1 per hundred. tf

THE greatest bargains of the season are to be found at the cheap corner store of
sep21-d4t D. & E. STEINHEIMER.

MISSION SABBATH SCHOOL SONG BOOKS, containing each 100 popular songs and selections prepared expressly for Mission Schools Price Five Cents per Book.
Apply at THE CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
sep1-dtf W. A. HEMPHILL & Co.,

THE best stock of Piece Goods, Boots and Shoes, Bleached and Brown Domestics, Shawls, Balmoral and Boulevard Skirts, which will be sold at the very lowest cash prices at the Cheap Corner Store of
D. & E. STEINHEIMER.
Remember the place, corner Whitehall and Mitchell streets. sep21-d4t

ICE CREAM, by the gallon or plate. Families and parties supplied. LEWIS COOK,
may8—dtf Collier Building.

FOR THE SUMMER.—I am now prepared to furnish regular meals at the usual hours. My Restaurant is fitted up for the summer campaign. R. G. THOMPSON.
apr17-wed & sun-tf

ICE CREAM.—R. G. Thompson is prepared, from this date, to supply families, parties and picnics, with Ice Cream, in any quantity, at reasonable prices. apr17-wed & sun-tf

SUPREME COURT DECISIONS.—Our pamphlet copies of the Decisions of the last term of the Supreme Court are now ready and are being sent out. Send in orders at once. This will insure the receipt of the Decisions at the earliest possible moment. Pamphlets, $1 00 per copy.

FRESH AND HIS WIFE, now have Fresh Norfolk Oysters in good condition and will keep, from now on, a constant supply. As in days past, we shall endeavor to sustain our former reputation. sep20-d1w

In the past fourteen days we have sold out all of our shoes, amounting to fifteen thousand dollars.

Our dry goods are selling off at the same rate.

We, therefore, advise all who prefer to save at least 33½ per cent. on their dry goods bills, to call immediately, as we are using every means to sell out at the earliest possible day.

No house in the city can, will, or does, sell as cheap as we do. We have still on hand a fair assortment of dress goods for Summer. Fall and Winter, Shawls, Blankets, Hosiery, Gloves, White Goods, Trimmings, Ribbons, Brown and Bleached Cottons and new Calicoes, all of which we are selling rapidly, for less than first cost.

WILLIAM RICH & Co.
sep 8-sun-tues-thurs

FOR RENT.

A SEVEN OCTAVO PIANO IN GOOD ORDER.
Enquire of
sep23—3t O. ROCKWELL.

GORMAN'S
River Plantation
FOR SALE.

18 Miles from Atlanta.

H. R. FOWLER, Auctioneer

In Douglass County.

1,248 ACRES.

640 Acres of Fine Bottom Land.

The balance Oak and Hickory—Well Timbered.

IT HAS BEEN SUBDIVIDED INTO

Four Farms.

No. 1—194 ACRES WOOD LAND—80 of which is Creek and River Bottom uncleared, and 111 Acres of River Bottow cleared. All of which will be sold as subdivided or as the purchaser may desire. A

New Grist Mill and Cotton Gin

is on this Farm. Also,

Two Tenement Houses,

one of 4 rooms and out buildings.

No. 2 contains 184 acres of woodland land, 130 acres of bottom land. On this is a

Frame Dwelling

of 8 rooms and out buildings, and two fine orchards.

No. 3 has 143 acres of wood, land, cleared land 127 acres. On this is two tenement houses. On this, also, is a splendid

WATER POWER.

No. 4 has 154 acres of wood land, cleared land 186 acres. On this place are

Three Tenement Houses.

The above property will be

Sold in Atlanta,

—ON THE—

First Tuesday in November next,

AT AUCTION.

If parties desire they can effect a private sale of this property.

WE ALSO HAVE A

FARM IN CAMPBELL COUNTY FOR SALE.

It consists of 450 acres, 150 acres of Creek bottom, balance well timbered. On it is a good Frame Dwelling and out buildings.

Terms—One-half cash; balance in 12 months.

Map can be seen at Redwine & Fox's, Atlanta, Ga. Surveyed by D. T. Milling.

A. S. & JAMES M. GORMAN,
Proprietors.

REFERENCES—Wallace & Fowler, W. J. Garrett, Gen. A. Austell, M. C. Dobbins.
sep15-d1tst-tues-th-nov

THE RIGHT TO

CURE STAMMERING

FOR SALE,

—BY—

Dr. N. A. Moses

Of Virginia.

The success of my method of curing Stammering being proved beyond controversy, and the art being copy-righted in the United States Courts for the District of Columbia, and the wide extent of territory over which my right extends, and the frequent calls which I have from distant sections, make it necessary for me to sell a portion of the territory, and I now offer the following States for sale, at the annexed prices. I can impart the Art to any one desirous of purchasing, and at a price that a great deal of money can be made out of it. Stammering is not confined to any section of country or condition of man, and there is nothing which a person will pay for more liberally than to be relieved from this most uncomfortable misfortune.

Alabama, sold	$ 3,500	Connecticut, sold	$ 4,500
Dist't of Columbia	4,000	Georgia	7,500
Illinois	10,000	Ohio, sold	12,000
Kentucky, sold	5,000	Louisiana	4,000
Maine	3,000	Michigan	3,000
California	4,000	Delaware	2,500
Florida	1,000	Iowa	3,000
Indiana	3,000	Kansas	2,500
Maryland	4,000	Massachusetts	5,000
Minnesota	2,500	Mississippi	2,000
North Carolina	3,500	New Jersey	3,500
Ohio	4,000	Rhode Island	4,000
Tennessee	4,000	Virginia	3,500
West Virginia	2,000	Wisconsin	3,500
Missouri	4,000	New Hampshire	2,500
New York	20,000	Pennsylvania	8,000
South Carolina	3,000	Texas	4,000
Vermont	2,000	Nevada	2,000
Utah Territory	2,000	Arizona	1,000
Canada	2,500	Dakotah	1,000
Kansas	2,500	Idaho	1,000
New Mexico	1,000	Washington	1,000
Wyoming	1,000	Nebraska	1,000
Florida	1,000	Oregon	1,000
Indiana	3,000		

Office Hours, from 9 to 12 A. M., and from 2 to 4 P. M.

The Doctor can be found at Room No. 38, National Hotel.
sep11—sep27—3tues&sattlm3wtu

OFFICE OF
L. B. Davis' Insurance Agency,
15 Whitehall Street,
NEXT TO JAMES' BANK, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

FOR SALE.

THE HOUSE AND LOT where I now reside on Peachtree street, corner of Forsyth. Corner of Forsyth streets, combining all the advantages in the heart of the city and yet sufficiently retired to make it one of the most desirable private residences in the city. House contains a two story frame (with brick underpinning) dwelling, with ten 18 feet rooms, and 4 smaller rooms, also, dresser frame building with two rooms finished 16 by 16 feet rooms, and unfinished upper story. Lot contains about one and one-half acres of as good water and plenty of it as you can desire. Also, another well on the lot with cistern which will yield a full supply of the best water. For terms apply at my Insurance Office in Whitehall street, next door to James' Bank.
sep20—d1w L. B. DAVIS Agent.

BARGAINS FOR THE FALL!
THE CHEAPEST GOODS EVER OFFERED.

1,000 MISSES FINE HATS, in Velvet, Velours and Plush, new styles, 25 to 50 cents each, worth 75 cents to $1 50 each.
75,000 yards Embroideries at HALF PRICE. (positively.)
200 Handsome Japanese Silks, Plain and Brocaded, $1 00 each, worth from $2 00 to $2 50 each.
500 pieces Lace-edge Ruffling, 25 cents per piece, worth $1 00 to $1 25 per piece.
1 case of the Cheapest Hosiery ever offered.
200 choice Needlework Sets, 25 cents each, cost 50 cents Gold to import.
200 yards BLACK ALPACA, slightly wet but perfect, 25 cents, worth $1 00.
A large lot Tow-in, 50 cents each, worth 75 cents.
Suffice it to say that the above Goods were not purchased in the REGULAR CHANNELS OF TRADE They are perfect, and

CANNOT BE DUPLICATED IN ATLANTA.

In addition to the above I have just received full lines of the following Goods, which are CHOICE, and will be SOLD AT SHORT PROFITS, viz:

Black Dress Goods in Cashmere, Merinoes, Bombazines, Tamise Cloths, Australian Crapes, Barathea, Baiarin, etc., Fancy Dress Goods in every style, largest assortment of Ribbons, Ladies Neck Ties, a fine selection of Lace Collars. The best assortment of Real and Imitation Guipure Laces, and Real Valenciennes, Edging and insertions, perhaps, ever offered in Atlanta.

A fine stock of Domettes, Canton Flannels, Jeans, Brocatelles, Flannels, Balmoral and Boulevards Skirts, Shawls, Hosiery, Bleached and Brown Cottons, Notions, etc.

I keep the best line of Black Alpacas made—THE "ECLIPSE," and guarantee the color of every piece of the same.

sep23—dtf JOHN KELLY,
Corner Whitehall and Hunter Streets.

WILLIAM RICH & COMPANY,
WHOLESALE
NOTIONS, MILLINERY and FANCY GOODS,
Atlanta, Georgia,

HAVE REMOVED TO CLARKE'S BUILDING, No. 15 DECATUR STREET, opposite The H. I. Kimball House, and are now fully prepared for the

FALL TRADE,

with one of the largest and best assorted Stocks of Goods in the South.

Merchants will promote their interests by examining our Stock and Prices before purchasing elsewhere.

N. B.—WE ARE PREPARED TO DUPLICATE NEW YORK BILLS.

sep21-d3w1m WILLIAM RICH & CO.

J. T. K. HAYWARD, President. JOHN M. STRONG, Secretary.

Organized 1865—Charter Perpetual.

STATE
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF MISSOURI,
Central Office, Hannibal, Missouri.

CAPITAL	$600,000 00
GROSS ASSETS (December 31, 1871)	714,085 14
LIABILITIES, Comprising Unpaid Losses and Reinsurance Fund	82,933 79
SURPLUS, as to Policyholders	631,152 35
RATIO of Assets to Liability	8 61

THIS COMPANY is represented by over 600 stockholders, 90 of whom reside in Alabama, and over $100,000 of stock, which is invested in that State. In addition to this the Company has deposited with the Secretary of State of Alabama $10,000, to comply with the law.

The assets of this Sterling Pioneer of Western Insurance Companies are invested in Solid Securities, being mostly on first bonds and mortgages on Real Estate.

Its Officers and Directors are men who, from their social and financial position and large and successful experience in Underwriting, need no indorsement.

Its heavy losses at CHICAGO and elsewhere in the past, have been promptly and equitably met, without ostentation or display, and always paid one hundred cents on the dollar.

It has not been the policy of this Company to seek a large business, simply for the sake of business, but on the contrary, to act in a conservative manner, selecting desirable risks and writing moderate lines, which we believe to be the true policy for any company desiring to retain the confidence and patronage of the public.

With the foregoing substantial grounds for perfect confidence in the merits of our Company, we present her as a candidate for business in this city and vicinity, being confident that no one giving her business can in ANY EMERGENCY ever regret the selection.

After a careful investigation into the status of this Company, Dr. W. S. Townsend has consented to accept its Agency for Atlanta, to whom the public are referred for Insurance, or any further information concerning this Company.

Applications for Agencies in this State, should be addressed to Henry Bahl, Special Agent, Atlanta, Ga.

HENRY BAHL, Special Agent.
W. S. TOWNSEND, Local Agent.
sep23—d3t Office Up Stairs, James' Bank Block, Atlanta, Ga.

GEORGIA STATE FAIR,
Atlanta, 1872.
To Begin Monday, October 14th,
And Close Saturday, October 19th.

A GRAND EXHIBITION MAY BE EXPECTED

Of the Products, Implements, and Processes

Of Agricultural, Mechanical and Manufacturing Industry.

Of Invention and Art. Stock, Etc., Etc.

No pains will be spared to make this the most INSTRUCTIVE FAIR ever held in Georgia.

For Premium Lists and other particulars, address
aug27—did SAM'L BARNETT, Secretary, Atlanta, Ga.

The Scofield Rolling Mill Company

MANUFACTURERS OF

Merchant & Bar Iron, Fish Bar, Spikes, Bolts, Nuts, etc.

LARGE STOCK constantly on hand, and orders promptly filled.

Re-Rolled Iron Rails,

Warranted equal to any made.

A limited quantity of NEW RAILS made on short notice.

Are especially invited to call at our Works and examine the quality of our RAILS and the way they are manufactured. Capacity of the Works,

15,000 TONS PER ANNUM.

We are now making about half this quantity

Office and Warehouse at the Works.

L. SCOFIELD, Jr., Secretary.
aug11-d1tlly
L. SCOFIELD, President and Treasurer.
ATLANTA, GA., August 10, 1872.

THE MOST PERFECT

ALARM CASH DRAWER,

MILES ALARM TILL CO'S

EVERY Merchant SHOULD Use Them. EVERY DRAWER Warranted.

Sold at
FAIRBANKS' SCALE WAREHOUSES.
FAIRBANKS & CO.
311 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
FAIRBANKS & EWING,
715 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.
FAIRBANKS, BROWN & CO.,
116 Milk Street, Boston.
For sale by leading Hardware Dealers.
sep17—3tuesfri

FRESH NORFOLK OYSTERS

R. B. SIBLEY, Oyster Packer,
NORFOLK, VA.

ORDERS put up in any way or quantity ordered, and at the lowest prices. Orders solicited, and faithfully attended to. sept3—dtu

CUMMING AND DULUTH

HACK LINE.

J. W. JAMES & CO. are now running for the accommodation of the traveling public, A good TWO HORSE HACK, three times a week, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, will leave Cumming in connection with the Atlanta and Richmond Air Line Railroad. Leaves Cole's Hotel at Cumming, at 11 A. M., and arrives at Duluth at 2 o'clock, P. M., in time for the cars going to Atlanta. Returning, leaves Duluth at 2 o'clock, P. M., and arrives at Cole's Hotel, in Cumming, at 5 o'clock, in time for the cars going to Atlanta. Charges reasonable. Patronage solicited.
sept1—dtf

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between us, the undersigned, Andrew Low, John Wood and John David Hopkins, as Commission Merchants, at Liverpool, in England, under the firm of Isaac Low & Co., and at Savannah, in the State of Georgia, under the firm of Andrew Low & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent, so far as regards the said Andrew Low.

ANDREW LOW,
JOHN WOOD,
JOHN D. HOPKINS.

Dated this 31st day of August, 1872.

MR. ANDREW LOW, as above announced, having retired from the firm of Messrs. Isaac Low & Co., of Liverpool, the business of that firm will be continued as heretofore, under the same firm name, by the undersigned partners, John Wood and John D. Hopkins, with James Torrance Wood, who is this day admitted as a partner.

JOHN WOOD,
JOHN D. HOPKINS,
JOHN T. WOOD.

Limited Copartnership Notice.

WE, the undersigned, have this day entered into a Limited Copartnership; under the laws of Georgia, to do business at Savannah, Ga., under the firm name of Hopkins & Wood.

The general nature of the business to be transacted is that of COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

John D. Hopkins, of Savannah, Ga., John Wood and James Torrance Wood, of Liverpool, England, are Genl. Partners, and Andrew Low, of Savannah, Ga., is Special Partner.

Said copartnership commenced on September 1st, 1872, and terminates August 31st, 1874. Andrew Low, as special partner, has put in the said concern stock of the firm one hundred thousand dollars in gold.

JOHN D. HOPKINS,
Savannah, Georgia.
JOHN WOOD,
JAMES TORRANCE WOOD,
Liverpool, England.
ANDREW LOW,
Savannah, Georgia.

Dated this 1st day of September, 1872.
sept4-d3w

DR. VAN NORMAN'S

ENGLISH, FRENCH and GERMAN Female and Infant Depot for Young Ladies and Children. Now open. Will receive pupils on the first day of September, 1872. For full terms, circulars, etc., address

DR. G. VAN NORMAN,
P. O. Box 3,943, Station D, New York.
If West, call at once, New York.

EQUITABLE
LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY OF THE UNITED STATES.

WM. C. ALEXANDER, President.

HENRY B. HYDE, JAMES W. ALEXANDER, } Vice-Presidents.

Purely Mutual—Dividends Annual

NO RESTRICTION ON TRAVEL.

Cash Assets, $18,000,000. Annual Income, $8,000,000.

NEW BUSINESS IN 1870 AND 1871,
Larger than that of any other Company in the World!
NEW BUSINESS IN 1872:
One Million Dollars a Month
More than for same period last year.

Its assets are invested in the most solid securities—

Real Estate in New York	$ 3,500,000	Cash in Bank	$ 1,500,000
Mortgages on Real Estate	10,000,000	United States Bonds	1,000,000

On all which your Policy is a Mortgage!!

The Dividends for 1872, will be nearly $1,500,000.

E. PLATT, General Agent,
NO. 1 KIMBALL HOUSE, ATLANTA, GA.
july2—d3m

GREELEY AND GRANT

Are dividing the Radical party, and a good deal is said about the

KU-KLUX B

The Daily Constitution.

ATLANTA, GA.: WEDNESDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 24, 1872.

IN AUTUMN.

The year grows splendid, on the mountain steep
Hoary rock, the woods and evergreen light,
Deepen in the distant deep.
Delicious light.

The fatal triumph of the perfect year,
Rises the woods' magnificent array;
Beyond the purple mountain heights appear
And then away.

Waving, with musical, slow motion, lays
His long, lithe branches on the tender air,
While from his top of gray, Scardello sways
His scarlet hair.

Where Spring first hid her virdo's breath the fern,
Where hummer's fingers opened, fold on fold
The golden, wild, red rose bent, now bare
The leaves of gold.

The loftiest hill—the lowliest flowering herb—
The fairest fruit of season and of clime—
All wear alike the mood of the superb
Autumnal clime.

Now nature pours her last and noblest wine
Like some Bacchante; beside the singing streams
Reclined each cloud day, wrapped in divine,
Impassioned dreams.

But where the painted leaves are falling fast,
Among the vales, beyond the farthest hill,
There sits a shadow—dim, and sad, and vast,
And lingers still.

And still we hear a voice among the hills,
A voice that moans among the haunted woods,
And with the mystery of sorrow fills
The solitudes.

For while gay autumn gilds the fruit and leaf,
And dons her fairest festal garments wear,
Lo! Time, all noiseless, in his mighty sheaf,
Binds up the year.

The mighty sheaf which never is unbound—
The reaped which not all human speech in vain—
The lovely last year, which never may be found,
Of loved again.

General Campaign Notes.

Springfield, the home of Lincoln, divides its Germans vote as follows: For Greeley, 794; for Grant, 14.

One of our subscribers at Rock Bluffs, Neb., writes: "The cause of Greeley is in the ascent in Nebraska. The Democrats and Liberals will have a majority of 5,000 in the State."—*Louisville Ledger.*

A year or two ago Wendell Phillips said that "Grant could not stand up before a glass of whisky without falling down;" and now he says he wants him to be kept in office till every person who participated in the rebellion shall be laid in the grave.

The Tribune says that Senator Trumbull has written a letter to a friend in Springfield, Illinois, that in all parts of the State which he has visited the utmost enthusiasm continues in the interest of reform, and that there can be but little doubt, if the present sustained efforts are continued, of the success of the Liberal ticket in that State by a large majority.

GREELEY AT PITTSBURG.—Never have I witnessed more vehement or determined outbursts of enthusiasm and wilder championship.

GREELEY AT CINCINNATI.

The number on the streets during the reception is variously estimated, some placing it at from fifty to seventy-five thousand, while others, more enthusiastic in their calculations, say that over one hundred thousand persons witnessed the arrival of the great Statesman of Chappaqua in our city. Certain it is, we do not remember of any man ever receiving a reception so enthusiastic, and at the same time without any apparent preparation. It was simply an outpouring of the people, anxious to pay a just and merited tribute to an honest man.

The Indiana Straight, Major Moreau, has sued the Indianapolis Sentinel for libel. Commenting on his persistent determination to coerce Charles O'Conor to accept the nomination forced upon him at Louisville, the Sentinel remarked: "So Mr. O'Conor has no rights that the man with three wives is bound to respect," which the Major thinks is worth about $20,000, as set forth by his attorneys in his legal complaint. The Sentinel, in responses, reproduces from the records of the Superior Court the complaint of Minerva Moreau, in which she petitions for a divorce on the ground that the gallant Major, after having obtained possession of her property, consisting of moneys, goods, wares, merchandise, etc., and without paying any considerable part of his debts, or "even the debt contracted for his and her boarding," abandoned her, taking with him a large sum of money. She charges that he used false pretenses to get possession of her property, converted it to his own use, and then left her without any means of support.

MASSACHUSETTS CONSERVATISM.—The mammoth codfish suspended in the Hall of Representatives at the State House, is a fit emblem of political ideas in this Commonwealth—salted, dried, and warranted to keep their original flavor in any climate for any length of time.

Mrs. M. Adele Haslett made a two-hour Grant speech at Lansing, Michigan, on Monday night.

Happily for this Commonwealth the mood of these tyrannical thieves and thugs is sealed. Nothing can save Hartranft now. His overwhelming defeat is as certain as that the sun will rise on the 8th day of October. Alleghany and the whole West is aflame with indignation at the audacious attempt of Cameron & Co. to impose this man Hartranft upon the Commonwealth as its Governor, and to elevate a notorious lobbyist and shameless corruptionist to the office which Hartranft has disgraced. Lancaster county is in open revolt. So is Luzerne; and scarcely a county in the State will give anything near its full Republican vote to Hartranft and Allen. Philadelphia cannot now be carried for them on a fair poll; yet, supposing the Ring to count up a false majority of 10,000 for them in this city, careful estimates show that they will be beaten in the State by from 8,000 to 10,0.0.—*Forney's Press.*

Establishments Engaged in Manufacturing Cotton Goods.

The complete statistics of the manufacture of cotton goods, just sent to the press from the Census Office, show the number of distinct establishments in the United States to be 691, of which Massachusetts has 191; Rhode Island, 139; Pennsylvania, 133; Connecticut, 111; New York, 81; New Hampshire, 36; Georgia, 35; North Carolina, 33; Tennessee, 28; New Jersey, 27; Maine, 23; Maryland, 22; Alabama, 13; South Carolina, 12, and Virginia, 11. Number of steam engines, 548; aggregate horse power, 47,117. Number of water-wheels, 1,350; aggregate horse power, 102,409. Number of looms used, 157,310; frame spindles, 3,694,477; mule spindles, 878,837; hands employed, 47,790. The aggregate amount of wages paid during the year was $39,044,133. Materials used, 6,223,789 pounds of cotton yarn, 139,100 pounds of cotton warp, 5,234,360 pounds of cotton thread. Value of mill supplies, $10,910,673. Total value of all materials, $111,737,686.

Articles produced: 478,904,161 yards of sheetings, shirting, and twilled goods; 34,533,462 yards of lawns and fine muslins; 489,250,053 yards of print cloths; 30,301,053 pounds of yarn; 11,560,241 dozen spools of thread; 73,018,043 yards of cotton warp; 11,118,122 pounds of batts, wicking, and wadding; 493,892 tablecloths, quilts, and counterpanes; 2,767,060 seamless bags; 5,057,454 pounds of cordage, lines, and twines; 906,066 pounds of thread; 8,390,050 yards of cotton flannel; 39,225,246 yards of ginghams and checks; 7,921,349 pounds of waste; 484,400 pounds of tapes wadding; 403,585 pounds of seamless bags; 13,940,795 yards of cassimeres, cottonades, and jeans; 10,811,068 pounds of miscellaneous products. Aggregate weight of goods produced, 849,314,892 pounds; aggregate value of product, $177,489,739.

Of these statistics, B. F. Nourse, of the Cotton Manufacturers' Association, says: "This portion of the census has the highest attainable accuracy. If in other industries and other departments of production the same degree of accuracy has been obtained, then is this census worthy of the confidence of statesmen, political economists, and men of business."

A GOVERNOR'S EXPERIENCE IN ARIZONA DIAMOND HUNTING.—Governor Saffold, in a letter to the San Diego Union, tells what he knows about diamonds, as follows:

"A year and a half ago I learned to a certainty that diamonds had been found either in Arizona or near the line. The information I received was confidential, and I knew it to be true. I, with three others, then commenced the work of finding the place. We followed rumors, winks and nods, with about as much earnestness as Japhet looked for his father. Finally, on the Navajo Reservation, we thought we had found it, but as rubies were much more easily obtained than diamonds, we contented ourselves with gathering rubies. We collected the value of a million or two each, and concluded we had enough to make ourselves comfortable and our friends also. We took them to San Francisco and sent some to Boston. They proved to be garnets, and of no value, and the beautiful dreams of schools and colleges we would build up, and poor people we would make happy, all vanished, and we found ourselves as before, struggling to make the ends meet."

Jewelry Notices.

HALF ALIVE.—It is a sad thing to pass through life only half alive. Yet there are thousands whose habitual condition is one of languor and debility. They complain of no specific disease; they suffer no positive pain, but they have no relish for anything which affords mental or sensuous pleasure to their more robust and energetic fellow beings.

In nine cases out of ten this state of lassitude and torpor arises from a morbid stomach. Indigestion destroys the energy of both mind and body. When the waste of nature is not supplied by a due and regular assimilation of the food, every organ is starved, every function interrupted.

Now, what does common sense suggest under these circumstances of depression? The system needs rousing and strengthening; not merely for an hour or two, to sink afterwards into a more pitiable condition than ever (as it assuredly would do if an ordinary alcoholic stimulant were resorted to), but radically and permanently.

How is this desirable object to be accomplished? The answer to this question, founded on the unvarying experience of a quarter of a century, is easily given. Infuse new vigor into the digestive organs by a course of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Do not waste time in administering temporary remedies, but wake the system up by recuperating the fountain-head of physical strength and energy, the great organ upon which all the other organs depend for their nurture and support.

By the time that a dozen doses of the great vegetable tonic and invigorant have been taken, the feeble frame of the dyspeptic will begin to feel its benign influence. Appetite will be created, and with appetite the capacity to digest what it craves. Persevere until the cure is complete—until healthful blood, fit to be the material of flesh and muscle, bone and nerve and brain, flows through the channels of circulation, instead of the watery pabulum with which they have heretofore been imperfectly nourished.

sept24-deod1w&cw1t.

A DELIGHTFUL SURPRISE.—Ladies whose faces are clouded by superficial discolorations, and who have resolved to try Hagan's Magnolia Balm as a remedy, have no idea of the welcome surprise they will receive from their mirrors after a few applications of that healthful purifier of the complexion. If at all excitable, they will scream with rapture on beholding the change. Whether the blemish it is desired to remove the sallowness, blotches, pimples, freckles, roughness, or an unnatural pallor, it is bound to disappear under the tonic operation of this wonderful agent. To say that the blemish disappears, does not, however, convey any idea of the effect produced by this celebrated beautifier. The unsightly tinge, whether diffused over the whole countenance or in spots, or patches, is replaced by a uniform, pearly bloom, to which no description can do justice.

sept24-deod1w&cw1t.

A WORLD OF THANKS IS DUE to the botanist who first discovered the virtues of the *Quillaya Saponaria*, or Soap Tree of Chili. The wonderful cleansing and purifying property of its Bark gives to the fragrant Sozodont much of its unrivalled efficacy as a preservative of the teeth.

sept24-deod1w&cw1t.

DR. TUTT'S Hair Dye has been analyzed by the best chemists in Europe and America, and its harmlessness certified to.

sept24-d1w&cw1t.

$1,000 REWARD is offered by the proprietor of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, for a medicine that will equal it in the cure of all severe cases of "Liver Complaint" and all diseases arising from impurity of the blood, as Eruptions, Pimples, Blotches, Boils, etc.

BLESSINGS brighten as they take their flight. The chief of blessings is good health, without which nothing is worth the having; it is always appreciated at its true value after it is lost, but too often not before. Live properly, and correct ailments before they become seated. For diseases of the liver, kidneys, skin, stomach, and all arising from impure or feeble blood, DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA VINEGAR BITTERS are a sure and speedy remedy. It has never yet failed in a single instance.

sep13—d&w4w

BACHELORS' HAIR DYE.—This superb Hair Dye is the best in the world—perfectly harmless, reliable and instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints or disagreeable odor. The genuine Wm. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye produces immediately a splendid black or natural brown, leaves the hair clean, soft, beautiful; does not contain a particle of lead or any injurious compound. Sold by all druggists. Factory, 16 BOND STREET, New York.

oct2—d1y

HON. DAWSON A. WALKER'S APPOINTMENTS.

HON. DAWSON A. WALKER, Republican candidate for Governor, will address the people upon the issues now before the country at the following times and places, to-wit:

Tuesday, Sept. 24.....Dahlonega, Lumpkin county
Thursday, Sept. 26.....Dawsonville, Dawson county
Friday, Sept. 27.....Cumming, Forsyth county
Saturday, Sept. 28.....Canton, Cherokee county
Monday, Sept. 30.....Jasper, Pickens county
Tuesday, Oct. 1.....Ellijay, Gilmer county
Wednesday, Oct. 2d.....Spring Place, Murray county

Hon. James M. Smith is respectfully invited to join in discussion at each and all of these appointments with assurances of a fair and equitable division of time at each of them.

sep10-d&wtoct2.

HON. AMOS T. AKERMAN'S APPOINTMENTS.

HON. AMOS T. AKERMAN will address the people in support of Grant and Wilson, at the following times and places, to-wit:

Tuesday, September 24th, 3 o'clock, P M—Fort Valley, Houston county.

Wednesday, September 25th, 8 o'clock, P M—Columbus, Muscogee county.

Thursday, September 26th, 8 o'clock, P M—Macon, Bibb county.

Friday, September 27th, 12 o'clock, M—Forsyth, Monroe county.

Saturday, September 28th, 12 o'clock, M—Barnesville, Pike county.

Monday, September 30th, 12 o'clock, M—Griffin, Spalding county.

Tuesday, October 1st, 12 o'clock, M—McDonough, Henry county.

Wednesday, October 2d, 11 o'clock, A M—Jonesboro, Clayton county.

Hon. William T. Wofford and Hon. Henry L. Benning, the Greeley Electors for the state at large, are respectfully invited to join in discussion at each and all of these appointments with assurances of a fair and equitable division of time at each of them.

sep18 d1f

United States Hotel FOR SALE.

Valuable Atlanta Property.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

AGREEABLE to an order of the Court of Ordinary of Thomas county, will be sold before the City Hall, in Atlanta, in the county of Fulton, State of Georgia, on the FIRST TUESDAY IN OCTOBER, NEXT, between the legal hours of sale, the following property, to wit: The Hotel property in the city of Atlanta, formerly known as the United States Hotel, but now as the

SASSEEN HOUSE,

situated on the corner of Alabama and Pryor streets, in said city, fronting the

Union Passenger Depot.

The lot fronts fifty-eight feet on Alabama street, running back, and also fronting on Pryor street one hundred and sixty-eight feet.

The Hotel is a two story brick building, conveniently arranged for business purposes below, with the hotel accommodations in the second st.ry.

Considering the location this is one of the most valuable pieces of property in the city of Atlanta, and presents a rare opportunity for capitalists.

Sold as the property of Jacob Hokenbaugh, late of Thomas county, deceased, for the benefit of the heirs.

Terms—One-half cash, the balance to be paid the first day of January, 1873.

MILTON C. SMITH, Administrator.

August 15th, 1872.

aug23-d7aw-untill wbeforesalethen dis

Take Notice! REMOVAL.

AFTER October 1st, I will remove to No. 3 DeGive's Opera House Block, Marietta street, where I trust to see all my old customers and many new ones.

Agricultural Implements, Seeds and Guano.

Send 75 cents for the handsomest and most extensive Illustrated Catalogue ever published in the South. Money will be refunded to all who purchase goods amounting to Ten Dollars.

MARK W. JOHNSON,
DeGive's Opera House Block,
Marietta street,
After October 1st, 1872.

sep19— July5—d1f

O. A. SMITH,

MANUFACTURER OF

Felt, Cement and Gravel Roofing,

CONCRETE PAVING, Dry and Tarred Sheathing Felt, and Roofing Materials constantly on hand. Office and Factory, Elliott street, rear of the Works.

aug5-deod6m

Railroads.

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.

Georgia Railroad.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Augusta	8.30 o'clock, A M	
Leaves Atlanta	5.15	P M
Arrives at Atlanta	5.40	P M
Arrives at Augusta	1.30	P M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Augusta	6.30	P M
Leaves Atlanta	8.00	P M
Arrives at Atlanta	8.45	A M
Arrives at Augusta	4.00	A M

Accommodation Train.

Leaves Atlanta	5 45	P M
Leaves Stone Mountain	6 45	P M
Arrives Atlanta	8 00	A M
Arrive Stone Mountain	7	P M

Macon and Western Railroad.

DAY PASSENGER—DAILY, SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.

Leaves Atlanta	2.30 A M
Leaves Macon	2.30 A M
Arrives at Atlanta	2.15 P M
Arrives at Macon	2.30 A M

NIGHT PASSENGER—DAILY.

Leaves Atlanta	4.00 P M
Leaves Macon	10.00 P M
Arrives at Atlanta	6.00 P M
Arrives at Macon	9.30 P M

Western and Atlantic Railroad.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.

Leaves Atlanta	10.00 P M
Arrives at Chattanooga	6.05 A M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.

Leaves Atlanta	8.30 A M
Arrives at Chattanooga	5.50 P M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—INWARD.

Leaves Chattanooga	6.45 P M
Arrives at Atlanta	12 10 A M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—INWARD.

Leaves Chattanooga	4.15 A M
Arrives at Atlanta	1.30 P M

FAST LINE TO NEW YORK.

Leaves Atlanta	5.00 P M
Arrives at Dalton	10.00 P M

For Savannah via Macon and Western and Macon and Brunswick Railroad.

Leave Atlanta at	5.00 P M
Connect with the Macon and Brunswick Railroad at Macon at	8.30 P M
Arrive at Savannah	8.30 A M

Schedule of Rome Railroad.

DAY TRAIN.

Leave Rome	7.15 A M
Arrive at Kingston	9.30 A M
Leave Kingston	9.50 A M
Arrive at Rome	12.00 A M

NIGHT TRAIN.

Leave Rome	2.30 P M
Arrive at Kingston	10.00 P M
Leave Kingston	1.50 P M
Arrive at Rome	5.05 P M

St. Louis, Memphis, Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad Line.

TIME CARD, SEPTEMBER 1, 1872.

Leave Atlanta	8.30 A M	9.30 P M
Arrive Chattanooga	4.27 P M	4.30 A M
Arrive Nashville	10 56 P M	1.05 P M
Arrive McKenzie	8.30 A M	8.30 P M
Arrive Memphis	8.10 P M	8.30 P M
Arrive Little Rock		8.00 P M
Arrive Hickman	12.20 P M	12.05 A M
Arrive Union City	10.30 P M	10.20 P M
Arrive Columbus	12.00 M	12.00 M d t
Arrive St. Louis	10.15 P M	9.30 A M
Arrive Louisville	2.40 A M	2.35 P M

ALBERT H. WHEELER,
Southeast Agent,
Atlanta, Ga.

Savannah, Griffin and North Alabama Railroad.

Leaves Griffin	1 00 P M
Arrives at Newnan	3 45 P M
Leaves Newnan	7 00 A M
Arrives at Griffin	9 37 A M

Connects at Griffin with Macon and Western Railroad.

Atlanta and West Point Railroad.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—(Outward.)

Leaves Atlanta	7 18 A M
Arrives at West-Point	11 43 A M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—(Inward.)

Leaves West-Point	3 35 P M
Arrives at Atlanta	7 00 P M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—(Outward.)

Leaves Atlanta	7 05 P M
Arrives at West-Point	11 00 P M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—(Inward)

Leaves West Point	1 10 A M
Arrives at Atlanta	5 00 A M

Air-Line Railroad.

Leave Atlanta	6 00 A M
Arrive at End of Track	11 38 A M
Leaves End of Track	2 00 P M
Arrive at Atlanta	7 37 P M

The Great Southern ROUTE!

VIA

ATLANTA and AUGUSTA!

TO Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

RUNNING A DOUBLE

Daily Through Passenger Train.

CONNECTIONS by THIS LINE are most certain and sure at all seasons.

The Eating Houses

On this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted. Ample time is given for Meals, and at regular hours.

CONDUCTORS on this line are affable and court ons to passengers.

The Quickest Time and Sure Connection made by this Route.

Passengers can purchase Through Tickets and have their Baggage Checked through from

New Orleans, Mobile,
Montgomery, Columbus,
and Atlanta
TO
Richmond, Baltimore,
Washington, Philadelphia,
and New York

BY

Four Different Routes, via Augusta, Kingsville, and Wilmington; via Columbia, Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta, Wilmington and Bay Line.

Fare as Low by Augusta AS ANY OTHER ROUTE.

PULLMAN'S PALACE SLEEPING CARS

ON

ALL NIGHT TRAINS LEAVING ATLANTA BY THIS ROUTE.

Passengers wishing to go North by Sea will find a

Splendid Line of Steamships,

From Charleston, S. C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia, Boston and New York.

The Charleston Steamships

Offer every inducement to Passengers, with Tables supplied with every luxury the Northern and Charleston Markets can afford, and for Safety, Speed and Comfort are

Unrivaled on the Coast.

Through Tickets on Sale at

MONTGOMERY, WEST POINT AND ATLANTA

TO

NEW YORK VIA CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS

S. K. JOHNSON, Superintendent.
J. A. ROBERT, General Ticket Agent.

Jan24—d1f

J. W. RICHTOWER.
P. LEE.

LIVERY AND SALE STABLE

Griffin, Georgia,

LEE & HIGHTOWER, Prop'tors

PERSONS visiting the Indian Springs, during the summer, will find it to their interest to call on us, in the way of the most pleasant route.

BETTER TURNOUTS,

Careful Drivers and Quicker Time. We are prepared to furnish anything in the Livery line, at the shortest notice and reasonable terms.

aug27-d1m

THE KENNESAW HOUSE,

MARIETTA, GEORGIA,

HAS still Forty Rooms left, (lately furnished) for Summer visitors, for whom every accommodation will be provided, at the low rate of $2 per day.

FLETCHER & FEWELL, Proprietors.
W. R. OLIN, Assistant.

June28—d1f

Divorced.

MY FRIENDS and former patrons will please to take notice that I am not now in any way connected with the Franklin Publishing Company, doing business as conducted by W. A. Hemphill & Co., on rue 'Constitution' building. THE CONSTITUTION OFFICE is well adapted to do all kinds of work in the Binding or Printing line, and I shall be glad to have the favors of my friends to follow me.

aug17-d1f WM. R. HANLEITER.

M. N. ROGERS. W. R. GUERRY.

M. N. ROGERS & CO.,

(Successors to Rogers, Morgan & Guerry,)

Manufacturers and Jobbers,

—OF—

Men's, Boy's and Youths'

CLOTHING,

444 and 446 Broadway,

NEW YORK.

DEALERS in Piece Goods of all kind. Our TRADE is confined to the COTTON STATES. Our Goods are especially adapted to the wants of the trade.

MR. W. T. BURRUS, late Merchant & Burrus, Charlotte, N. C., is connected with us, and will be glad to see his former patrons.

Orders solicited. We give those who favor us with their orders the right to return goods not satisfactory at our expense.

sept8-d&wly

Jewelry.

THE McAFEE HOUSE,

At Smithville, Georgia,

IS KEPT in the most elegant style. The entered trains from Macon close at Smithville, and the traveling public will find at this House first-class accommodations. Give him a call.

jeond—d1f

FAIRBURN HOTEL,

Dr MRS. E. McLARIN,

Fairburn.....Georgia.

$2? Board per Day $2.

THE Morning Trains from Atlanta to West Point, Georgia, breakfast at this House. Three trains breakfast daily.

may18—d1f

HEARD HOUSE,

LaGrange.....Georgia,

BY GEORGE C. HEARD,

THIS House has been recently thoroughly renovated and refurnished. The tables always supplied with the best the market affords. Porters will be found at the Depot on every arrival of the Trains to take charge of baggage.

feb28—d1f

CHOICE HOTEL.

Corner Broad and Bridge Streets,

ROME, GA.

J. C. HAWLINS, Proprietor.

Situated in the business part of the city. Passengers taken to and from the Depot FREE OF CHARGE.

dec4-tf LEON A. CADY, Clerk.

NEW HOTEL,

PALMETTO, - - GEORGIA.

W. Jackson House

Is now open to the Traveling Public.

jan18-d1f W. JACKSON, Proprietor.

THE MAJORS HOUSE,

BY E. MAJORS,

TRENTON.....GEORGIA

He pledges himself his house will be kept in first rate style, and on moderate terms.

nov21-d1f

ECKLES HOUSE AND LIVERY STABLE,

SOCIAL CIRCLE, GA.

Rates of Board:

Single Meal.....50 cents | Per Day.....$ 1 00
Per Week.....$3 00 | Per Month.....10 00

Livery Stable Charges at Corresponding Rates.

STERLING ECKLES, Proprietor.

june9-d1f

EXCHANGE HOTEL,

BY WILLIAM J. SIBERT,

(Near the Court House and Depot)

GADSDEN.....ALABAMA.

Guests will find everything new and neat. Servants attentive. Terms—$2 00 per day single meals fifty cents.

nov15-d1f

TIBBS HOUSE,

Dalton, Ga.

L. B. STONE. J. B. WIMBERLY

dec6-d1f

SENOIA HOTEL,

SENOIA, GEORGIA,

W. R. STILLWELL, Proprietor

may18—d1f

JOHNSON HOUSE,

BY MRS. DR. JOHNSON,

DINGSTON.....GEORGIA

June13-d1f

BACON HOUSE,

LEXINGTON.....GEORGIA

JOHN W. BACON, Proprietor.

A REGULAR Two-Horse Hack will attend every day, to convey passengers from the Railroad to and from Lexington, Ga.

sep11-d1f

GLOBE HOTEL,

LAWRENCEVILLE, GA.,

HAS ample room for the accommodation of families.

Travelers will find at this House a regular

OLD VIRGINIA WELCOME,

And board as cheap as could be asked for.

The House has been refitted and improved, and will compare with the best.

Good water here, and a fine, healthy climate, unsurpassed in North Georgia.

I have also a Livery Stable attached. Horses and buggies can be had on reasonable terms.

W. J. BORN, Proprietor.

june6-d1f

Pratt House,

(Formerly Brown House,)

Cuthbert.....Georgia,

T. J. PRATT, Proprietor.

HACKS in attendance upon all trains, and no pains spared to make guests comfortable.

march4—d1f

Wayside House,

RINGGOLD, GEORGIA,

IS now open for the reception of guests together with transportation to Catoosa Springs and all other accessible places of note, at reasonable prices. All pains will be taken to render guests comfortable by

A. J. HEALAN & LADY.

feb28—d1f

SASSEEN HOUSE,

(Formerly United States Hotel,)

CORNER ALABAMA AND PRYOR STREETS

Atlanta, Georgia.

R. H. SASSEEN, Agent.....(Proprietor

$2? Terms—Transient, Boarders, per day, $2. Single meal and lodging, 50 cents.

sep26-d1f

Thomaston Hotel,

Thomaston.....Georgia.

THE undersigned having taken charge of the above House, takes pleasure in announcing to the public generally that no effort will be spared to make it a first class Hotel, and every effort will be made to give satisfaction to all who will favor him their patronage.

sep10-d1f H. T. JENNINGS, Proprietor.

BARLOW HOUSE,

AMERICUS, GEORGIA.

WILEY JONES.....Proprietor.

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. The proprietor fastens himself, from his long experience in the hotel-line, that he can and will give general satisfaction. The house is kept open from 6 A. M. to 10 P. M. The Omnibus meets all night trains, and attentive porters are at the depot for the house.

aprl6—d1f

Madison House,

MADISON, GEORGIA.

TRAVELERS, invalids and families will find this one of the best hotels in the South. Horses at all the trains who will take care of baggage. Terms reasonable.

aprl3—d1f FISHER & MORGAN, Proprietors.

CONYERS HOTEL,

By D. P. SMITH,

(Successor to R. Thom.)

THIS HOUSE is within one hundred yards of the Railroad, has been thoroughly renovated and supplied with new furniture. Give them a call, and no guarantees to give satisfaction.

THE PYE HOUSE,

(NEW HOTEL,)

Forsyth, Georgia,

WILLIAM SCARBOROUGH, Proprietor

Rates per Day, $2 25; Day Board, $10 00; Board and Lodging $25 00.

McDowell House,

NEWNAN, GA.,

L. P. Thomas, Proprietor.

aprl1—d1f

THE TRAMMELL HOUSE,

GAINESVILLE, GA.

J. G. TRAMMELL & SON,

BEG leave to inform their friends and the public generally, that their new brick hotel, situated within one hundred yards of the Air-Line Depot, and two hundred yards of around the Mineral Springs, are now open for the reception of guests and boarders, at charges as low as the times will admit of.

Parties in quest of Health or Pleasure will find both at this House, where every attention will be given to their comfort and furtherance of their object.

A good Livery Stable in connection to the House, where any description of vehicle can be procured, with good teams and careful drivers.

apr6—d1f

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